

## HEAR THIS EAGLE SCREAM

For the Grand Old Party.

### THE PARTY OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Victory Perches on Every Banner in Every Northern State from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

#### The Republican Victory Immense.

MORTON CARRIES NEW YORK BY 153,000!

Ohio Beats any Previous Record with a Republican Majority of 150,000.

IOWA GETS INTO LINE WITH 96,000 MAJORITY

Wisconsin Rolls up 56,000 Majority for the G. O. P., Illinois Swings Back and Shows a Republican Majority of 70,000.

INDIANA GOES FIFTY THOUSAND REPUBLICAN.

Dakota Tells Them How to do it by a Large Majority, and so it Goes on Down the Line.—Kansas Redeems Herself in big Figures and Jerry Simpson Stays at Home. Populism Repudiated from Start to Finish.

Pennsylvania 235,000 Republican Majority

Republicans will have a majority in the Senate. The House of Congress will be overwhelmingly Republican. Of the 356 members the republicans will have 255. Chairman Wilson author of the Wilson tariff bill, was badly defeated, also Bland of Missouri, and Springer, of Illinois. Democracy for the time being, is knocked higher than a kite and democratic politicians are still paralyzed over the disastrous results of their party.

#### NEBRASKA DID EXCEEDINGLY WELL

The only sore spot being the defeat of Majors by the demopop fusion candidate. This can be attributed to various causes but the HERALD is not in the explaining business. The balance of the republican state ticket is elected by light majorities, and the majority in the legislature will be slightly republican which insures the election of John M. Thurston as United States Senator. It also insures that no obnoxious laws will be passed to injure the credit of the state. Five congressmen are elected. Hurrah for Congressman Meiklejohn.

#### ELECTION IN WAYNE.

The election in the city passed off quietly in Wayne, although anxiety was depicted on the countenance of nearly every voter, and so anxious did they become that nearly all the votes were cast before four o'clock. The campaign in Wayne county has been a warm one, having waged for nearly six weeks, and everybody is heartily glad that it is ended. A few bets were made, but the pop fusion fellows were a trifle afraid and little money was put up on results. It was a grand republican victory in Wayne, one of which every loyal republican can be proud, majorities varying from 100 to 171.

Wayne county did herself proud too, giving a handsome republican majority showing a gain for the republicans of over 50. The court house question was lost sight of in the shuffle and went down with the rest of the defeated fellows. Gol Brighton and Henry Miller can now console each other on the splendid victory. However, Henry brought his precinct in in his vest pocket, while Jim was given a kick in his own ward that tells of a lot of love. While Mr. Egan can congratulate himself with 2nd place in the race. His prayers have been answered.

Jim told them down in Stanton that he had carried every ward in Wayne for mayor, but Tuesday it was discovered that he wasn't running for mayor and all three turned him down. The republicans secured good tidings by wire at the hardware store of Chace & Neely and as they were received an outburst of applause would follow. At the pop-fusion quarters all was quiet and Rindell was about the only fellow that didn't seem worried, which reminds us of the fellow who said he hadn't brains enough to start a headache. Anson A. Welch ran like a race horse defeating his demopop fusion opponent by a majority exceeding 300. Whoop! and, as the fellows say, "I told you so!"

Albert Jacobs is all right, too, and he came in ahead of his pop-fusion opponent for commissioner of the second district by a very nice majority. Mr. Zeigler pointed the way and threatened some of the democrats as to the future. John T. Bressler, you all know him; he is the man that they—the pop-fusionists—said would not carry his own ward; would carry Norfolk; would not this and would not that, but look at the result! Did they lie to you? No, it was not that. It was ignorance. They

have not learned the first rudiments of running a campaign, that's all. Populism got such a black eye in this county that it will not recover for several days.

John T. Bressler carried every county in the district. Henry Miller tries to get some consolation out of the defeat of the court house question. Oh! We'll let it go at that.

The prohibition votes cast numbered thirty-one. Senator Bressler's plurality in the district is 868. He had a majority of 18 over both his opponents in Wayne county.

Hon. Chas. Chace's plurality in the district is 343. Hoskins is the banner republican precinct in the county.

The following is the list of assessors: Wilbur, W. H. Buefow. Winside, J. P. Marvin. Strahan, C. C. Brown. Plum Creek, Patrick Coleman. Logan, Thos. Fitzsimmons. Leslie, John Beckenhauer. Hancock, Perrin Loug. Hunter, J. W. Fox.

Hoskins, August Riemer. Garfield, John Francis. Deer Creek, Geo. Barley. Chapin, Geo. Sims. Brenna, Perry Benshoof.

The total vote in Wayne county was 1875, as follows:

Wayne, 1st ward 103 Hancock,	78
2nd " 130 Leslie	97
3rd " 130 Logan	76
Brenna, 127 Plum Creek	106
Deer Creek 139 Sherman	89
Garfield, 73 Strahan	130
Hoskins, 112 Winside	77
Hunter, 144 Wilbur	100
Chapin,	91

J. M. Strahan, of Malvern, Iowa, is in the city. Congressman Keen was re-elected in the sixth district.

A well attended masquerade ball was held at Mellor's hall this (Thursday) evening.

The finest sauer kraut you ever tasted and pickles of all kinds, also olives fresh oysters and celery received daily at Shane's.

Mrs. R. E. K. Mellor entertained the Owl high five club this evening and will entertain the Ladies' club tomorrow (Friday) evening.

The paper on the "Club we Study," which was read by Mrs. Tower at the Sunday School convention will be published in the HERALD next week.

This verdict of the people was not for Holcomb or Majors either as the election of the legislature clearly shows and Billy Bryan was let down with a dull sickening thud.

In the city L. E. Hunter was elected Justice of the Peace and Frank Hood and S. H. McMakin constables. For assessor R. C. Osborne received 190 votes and A. T. Witter 104.

About three weeks ago the HERALD stated that C. B. Sheldon left without paying his debts. This was a mistake and the HERALD is glad to acknowledge it.

We will now enjoy a rest. Give politics a chance to rest. See commissioners proceedings elsewhere.

James Britton resigned his position as Mayor Monday. Watch for the holiday display at Phil Kohl's next week.

Mrs. L. F. Holtz is visiting with her parents in Council Bluffs. Henry Beckenhauer made a business trip to Hartington last week.

After this week the HERALD will endeavor to give the news entire. It will do you good to see the holiday display of Phil H. Kohl next week.

Just Received—A new line of Counter Tables, quarter oak and curly birch, Bartlett & Hiester.

The Thanksgiving service will be held in the M. E. church at 10:30 a. m. Rev. Kunkleman will preach.

Henry Ott and Bertha Kreinkl were united in marriage last Friday. Both are Wayne county citizens.

The ladies of the Monday club met with Mrs. F. A. Dearborn Tuesday evening to wait for the election returns.

Shane is still in the lead on all kinds of Fresh Fruits, notwithstanding the numerous reports that he has sold out.

Rev. W. H. Sparling will hold Episcopal services in Masonic hall Sunday, November 11, morning and evening. Everyone invited.

At the minister's meeting, held October 29, it was decided to hold a district Y. M. C. A. conference in Wayne December 15 and 16.

Go to Brady's for your school shoes, and all other shoes. He can fit from the infant to the Giant of Best Grade and Lowest Price.

The campaign is over. Now let us all get down to business and pull together for the upbuilding and prosperity of Wayne, the gem city of which we are all proud.

Frank Fuller delivered a republican speech at Emerson Saturday afternoon. Messrs Cook and Titsworth of the Wayne Glee club assisted a portion of the Wakefield club with the singing.

The happy hour club was pleasantly entertained at the residence of Floyd Jones. Progressive dominoes, as usual, was the principle game. Maud Reynolds carried off the royal prize and Mary Mason the booty. Friday evening.

Saturday evening one of the lamps in the meat market of Fred Volpp fell to the floor and immediately a sheet of flames shot upward and for a short time it looked as though a serious conflagration was inevitable. Fred secured an old awning and succeeded in smothering the flames.

This week THE HERALD is issued one day late and devotes its columns to the election news. Next week we will begin work over and endeavor to give our readers an interesting local and general newspaper. We have waded into politics to win and win we have, and not a single thing have we to be sorry for unless it be that the republican majorities in Wayne county were not larger.

The pastors will exchange pulpits November 18.

D. E. Smith and family moved to Omaha Tuesday.

Miss Leta Corbit went to Chicago Wednesday, where she will visit some time with relatives.

It's all over now. Del Strickland returned from California last evening.

The teachers' association meets at the college Saturday.

FOR RENT: The Alex Holtz brick residence, Equiva of J. C. Ludoke. L. C. Gildersleeve has rented W. H. Nangle's house and will become a resident of Wayne next week.

Henry Miller didn't have Chapin precinct in "his pocket," as you will notice by the returns. It was about a stand off. He couldn't deliver the goods on senator.

The foot ball club of the High School expects to go over to West Point Saturday to play a game of foot ball with the boys of that town. A return game will probably be played here Thanksgiving day.

A beautiful marble carbograph the work of Prof. E. Durrin taken from a photograph of Margurite Heckert, can be seen in the Window of Wilkins & Co's drug store. It is an excellent piece of workmanship.

A Koefoed's team became frightened at some democratic tickets flying down the street Tuesday and run away. After circling around through the lumber yards awhile they were stopped, with one wheel of the delivery wagon minus a few spokes.

A new time card went into effect Sunday. The morning passenger arrives from Norfolk at 7:55 and the passenger from Sioux City at 9:25. The Black Hills passenger arrives at 1:45 p. m. from the west and at 5:00 p. m. from the east. The evening train from the west has been taken off.

Nearly two hundred excursionists left Wayne Monday evening for Win-side accompanied by the Band and Glee Club. A large procession marched through the streets of that town to the school building which was crowded with three or four hundred people, many being unable to gain admittance.

John R. Hays, of Norfolk, and Frank Fuller, of this city made able addresses and were repeatedly applauded. The Glee club as usual were enchored and republican enthusiasm was visible on every hand.

Twice a year the earth passes through meteor rings, once about the 10th of August and again the 12th of November. It is well to be on the lookout for a night or 2 before and after those dates if one would take in the whole display. From the 10th to the 14th of November the meteoric shower will occur. If the nights are clear, it will pay all who can get a view of the open sky to catch nature's great panorama. To young people the shooting stars will be especially interesting. Probably the night of the 12th will be the best time if one goes on the lookout only one night. They appear in fine array by 9 o'clock.

An agent for the Nebraska Central Building and Loan association, of Lincoln, has been in Wayne selling stock and arranging for some loans. This association has organized local boards in several towns adjoining us and have been prompt in making their loans. They expect soon to put in an organization in Wayne, and as they have shown evidence of good management in their business, we hope they may succeed in selling enough stock to justify them in so organizing. Anyone desiring a good investment in small amounts, or wishing loans on town property, may obtain information of Everett Laughlin, their local agent.

The Norfolk Beet Sugar company announces that their books are open for making contracts for the required acreage of 1895. They expressly desire only the best of farmers to contract. Blank contracts will be furnished upon application.

As the seed has to be imported from Europe early in December it is important that those who anticipate planting beets should make their contracts immediately, that the proper variety of seed may be ordered, especially adapted to the different localities 31 6w. NORFOLK BEET SUGAR COMPANY.

Post Office Regulations. Office opens at 7:15 a. m., closes at 7:00 p. m.

Sundays—Open from 9:00 to 10 a. m. and from 1:15 to 2:15 p. m.

Mails for the east close at 7:30 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. For the west and Bloomfield branch at 9:05 a. m. and 4:40 p. m.

Saturday evenings the office will be open until 8:00 p. m.

A. P. CHILES, P. M.

#### Neckwear

A Large Line of the Latest Novelties in Four-in-hand and Tecks, just in this week, at Harrington & Robbin's.

#### To Our Readers.

It will pay you to read the inside pages of the HERALD. Try it and see.

#### WANTED.

A man and wife with a small family to work on a ranch; steady work and good pay. No one need apply without the best of reference.

R. Wadsworth, Carroll, Neb.

#### Fall Style Hats.

We have just received a new invoice of all the latest blacks. Harrington & Robbin's.

MARRIED.—In Wayne, November 5th, 1894 by Rev. Kunkleman, Otto Hagelin to Miss Caroline Olsen, both of Wayne.

BORN.—To Wm. Beckenhauer and wife, Wednesday Oct. 31, a son.

Let the dead past bury the dead and now altogether for Wayne and Wayne county.

Randolph Times.—Mrs. M. D. Childs went to Wayne Thursday for a 9 days visit with friends at that place.

F. M. Reed went to Wayne Wednesday for a few days visit with his family at that place.

Harrington Herald.—G. P. Hitchcock of Wayne, was in the city the first of the week. Mr. Hitchcock is a successful conductor of classes in vocal music and expects to organize a class in Hartington ere long. He contemplates organizing classes at Coleridge and Laurel also.

Take advantage of our clear, crisp, this week. The RACKET.

Auction at Singer's. Buy your winter wear of Corbit. T. B. Heckert, dentist, Wayne, Neb. Buy gent's underwear at L. M. Beeler & Co's.

Cloak sale every day at L. M. Beeler & Co's. Wrappers ready made at L. M. Beeler & Co's.

The best table oil cloth 10c. per yard. The RACKET.

All kinds of canned goods at W. E. Brookings. New dress goods arriving every day. The RACKET.

Buy your Gloves at Mitts at L. M. Beeler & Co's. Good comfort calico 4 c. per yard. The RACKET.

Buy your caps, gloves and mittens of L. M. Beeler & Co's. 50c. for the best calico dress you ever saw. The RACKET.

Dress goods, style and prices correct. L. M. Beeler & Co's.

Empty Kegs, Barrels and Boxes for sale cheap at Shane's. Cabinet photos \$3.00 per dozen at the Wayne Photograph Gallery.

New goods and new prices, come in and get them. The RACKET. Cabinet photos \$3.00 per dozen at the Wayne Photograph Gallery.

Go to the Bennett House for meals and day board. Rates reasonable. For Cream, Brick, Swiss or Limburger Cheese, Shane is headquarters.

Cloaks! cloaks! cloaks! Now is the time to make a selection at the RACKET. New nuts of all kinds, also New York apples and quinces just opened at Shane's.

You need a good, stylish, cheap cloak. We have 'em. Come and see. The RACKET. The Early Hour Club will give another dance at Mellor's hall Saturday evening.

New England mince meat and all kinds of pie preparations by the package at Shane's. Remember, the best coffee sold anywhere, Chace & Sanborn's, will be found only at Shane's.

W. E. Brookings carries groceries of every description, and his prices are in accordance with the times. Another invoice of cloaks just received. Price and quality is what counts. L. M. Beeler & Co's.

JOHN WATERMAN.—Monday, November 5, aged 63 years. Cause of death, paralysis. Deceased resided five miles south-east of Wayne, where the funeral was held Wednesday afternoon, conducted by Rev. Theobald. A wife and six children are left to mourn his departure.



"BE GLAD OF PAIN."

It is foolish, little flower? ... God watches, and thou wilt have seen ...

AN OLD-TIME HEROINE

About half a century ago Bethuel Stone emigrated with his family from Central New Hampshire to what was then the "far West," to Illinois.

At meal times they would camp near some spring of water in the shade of trees and eat the lunch they carried with them, while the horses, loosened from the carriage, cropped the wayside grass.

"I tell you," she said firmly, "there couldn't possibly be a body near this wagon and I not to see him, for I've been right about here every minute."

"I don't want to disturb your children," said the Southerner, "but business is business. If that black rascal is hid in your cart, I'd like to snake him out by the heels!"

"You're wakin' the children and they'll be crosser than seven men that can render a reason, if they don't get their nap out."

"The three men all grinned at this exhibition of woman's temper and slunk away, the one muttering something about a 'tempest in a teapot.'"

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that part of the boat. She readily distinguished the slaveholder and the officer that accompanied him, who were being shown about the boat by the captain.

"Yes, yes," said Mrs. Stone, "I've seen two or three colored men, I should call 'em, since we came on the boat. I s'posed they was regular boat-hands."

"What I'm looking for," said the Southerner, "is a colored boy that ran away from me not long ago, and I've reason to think he's hid somewhere on this boat."

"I have a search warrant to search the boat," the officer here put in, "and as we don't find him anywhere, I'd better search your wagon. He might have crawled in there."

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and tell your old master good-by, for you may never see him again."

"From the dim recesses of the wagon the freed boy clambered forward and jumped out on the ground. Waving his old hat he shouted in clear tones:

"God-by, Mr. Shelley! I'm my own massa now!"

"I never was so wrought up in all my life," Mrs. Stone was wont to say in telling the story in after years.

"They were, probably," said the captain, "I have a few colored hands."

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TALMAGE'S SERMON. THE GREAT PREACHER WRITES OF THE HEAVENLY CITY.

A Vivid Word Picture of the Jews of Immortality—Consolation for the Weary and Sorrowful—The Pains of Living and Joys of Heaven.

Rev. Dr. Talmage, who is now nearing the close of his globe circling tour and will shortly reach American shores, selected as the subject of his sermon, through the press "Victory Over Pain," the text chosen being Revelation xxi., "Neither shall there be any more pain."

"The first question that you ask when about to change your residence to any city is: 'What is the health of the place? Is it shaken of terrible disorders? What are the bills of mortality? What is the thermometer? And am I not reasonable in asking, 'What are the sanitary conditions of the heavenly city into which we all hope to move?'"

"First, I remark, there will be no pain of disappointment in heaven. If I could put the picture of what you anticipated of life when you began it beside the picture of what you have realized, I would find a great difference. You have stumbled upon great disappointments. Perhaps you expected riches, and you have worked hard to gain them. You have had your hands worn and your brain was racked and your heart lained, and at the end of this long strife with misfortune you find that if you have not been positively defeated it has been a drawn battle. It is still tag and tussle, this year losing what you gained last, financial uncertainties sailing down faster than you build. For perhaps twenty or thirty years you have been running your craft straight into the teeth of the wind.

"Perhaps you have had domestic disappointment. Your children, upon whose education you lavished your hard earned dollars, have not turned out as expected. Notwithstanding all your pains and anxieties and toiling until your hands were worn and your brain was racked and your heart lained, and at the end of this long strife with misfortune you find that if you have not been positively defeated it has been a drawn battle. It is still tag and tussle, this year losing what you gained last, financial uncertainties sailing down faster than you build. For perhaps twenty or thirty years you have been running your craft straight into the teeth of the wind.

"Your life has been a chapter of disappointments, but come with me, and I will show you a different scene. By God's grace, entering the other city you will never again have a headache. The mere bubble of expectations will not reach the realization. Coming to the top of one hill of joy, there will be other heights rising upon the vision. This song of transport will lift you to higher anthems, the sweetest choral but a prelude to more tremendous harmony, all things become new and anticipated. The robe of glory the crown of glory, the temple grander, the throne mightier.

Further, I remark, there will be no pain of weariness. It may be many hours since you quit work, but many of you are unrested, some from overwork, and some from dullness of trade, the latter more exhausting than the former. Your arms ache, your eyes smart, your feet are sore, your spirits flag; you want rest. Are these wheels always to turn; these shuttles to fly, these axes to hew, these shovels to delve, these pens to fly, these books to be posted, these goods to be sold?

Ah, the great holiday approaches! No more course of taskmasters; no more stooping until the back aches; no more calculation until the brain is bewildered; no more pain; no more carpentry, for the mansions are all built; no more masonry, for the walls are all reared; no more diamond cutting, for the gems are all set; no more gold beating, for the crowns are all completed; no more agriculture, for the harvests are equal to the needs of the world. There will be no more pain or poverty. It is a hard thing to be really poor, to have your coat wear out and no money to get another, to have your flour barrel empty and nothing to buy bread with for your children, to live in an unhealthy row, and no means to change your habitation; to have your child die with some mysterious disease and not be able to secure eminent medical ability, to have son or daughter begin the world and you not have anything to help them in starting, with a mind capable of research and high contemplation to be perpetually fixed on questions of mere bread and butter.

But they try to throw a romance about the poor man's cot, but there is no romance about it. Poverty is hard, cruel, unrelenting. But Lazarus waked up without his rags and his diseases, and so all of Christ's poor wake up at last without any of their disadvantages. No alms-houses, for they are all princes; no agents to pay for the residence is gratuitous; no garments to buy, for the robes are divinely fashioned; no seats in church for poor folks, but equality among temple worshippers; no hovels; no hard crusts; no insufficient apparel. They shall hunger no more, neither thirst any more, neither shall the sun light on them nor any heat. No more pain.

No farewell. Further, there will be no pain of parting. All these associations must some time break up. We clasp hands and walk together and talk and laugh and weep together, but we must after awhile separate. Your grave will be in one place, mine in another. We look each one and see all the time that he is getting weaker and the breath is shorter, and make outcry to God to help us and to the doctors to save him and see it is of no avail, and then to know that his spirit is gone, and that you have nothing left but the casket that held the jewel, and that in two or three days you must even put that away and walk around about the house and find it desolate, sometimes feeling

rebellious, and then to resolve to feel differently, and to resolve on self-control, and just as you have come to what you think is your last contract, suddenly come upon some little coat of picture or shoe half worn out, and how all the floods of the soul burst in one wild wail of agony! Oh, my God, how hard it is to part, to close the eyes that never can look merry at our coming, to kiss the hand that will never again give me a passing smile, to know that gives great consolation inasmuch as we and we ought to be comforted, but anyhow and anyway you make it, it is awful.

On steambot wharf and at rail car window we may smile when we say farewell, but these goodbys at the deathbed they just take hold of the heart with their own fingers and tear it out by the roots until all the fibers quiver and curl in the torture and drop thick blood. These separations are wine presses into which our hearts, like red clusters, are thrown, and then trouble turns the windlass round and round until we are utterly crushed, and we stand in one capacity to suffer, and we stop crying because we have wept all our tears.

On every street, at every doorstep, by every couch, there have been partings. But once past the Heavenly portals, and you are through with such scenes forever. In that land there are many hand clasps and embraces, but only in recognition. That great home circle never breaks. Once find your comrades there, and you have them forever. No crane floats from the door of that blissful residence. No cleft hillside where the dead sleep. All awake, wide awake, and forever. No pushing out of emigrant ship for foreign lands, and no waiting for a funeral pass. Who generations in glory. Hand to hand, heart to heart, joy to joy. No creeping up the limbs of the death chill, the feet cold until hot flames cannot warm them. No rattling of sepulchral gates. No parting, no pain.

There is No Pain in Heaven. Further the heavenly city will have no pain of body. The race is pierced with all distresses. The surgeon's knife must cut. The dentist's pliers must pull. Pain is fought with pain. The world is a hospital. Scores of diseases, like vultures contending for a carcass, struggles as to which shall have it. Our natures are infinitely susceptible to suffering. The eye, the foot, the hand, with immense capacity of endurance.

The little child meets at the entrance of life manifold disease. You hear the shrill cry of infancy as the lancet strikes into the swollen gum. You see its head toss in consuming fevers that take more than half of them into the dust. Old age passes, dizzy, and weak, and short breathed, and dim sighted. On every northeast wind come down the darts of rheumatism. War hits its sword and hacks away the life of whole generations. The hospitals of the earth groan into the ear of God their complaint. Asiatic cholera, and ship fevers, and typhoids, and London plagues make the world's knees knock together.

Pain has gone through every street and every ladder and down every shaft. It is on the wave, on the mast, on the beach. Wounds from clip of elephant's tusk and adder's sting and crocodile's tooth and horse's hoof and wheel's revolution. We gather up the infirmities of our parents and transmit to our children the inheritance augmented by our own sicknesses, and they add to them their own diseases, to pass the inheritance to other generations. In A. D. 322 the plague in Rome smote into the dust 5,000 citizens daily. In 541, in Constantinople, 1,000 gravediggers were not enough to bury the dead. In 1813 ophthalmia seized the whole Prussian army. At times the earth has swelled with the stings of Count up the pains of Austerlitz, where 30,000 fell; of Fontenoy, where 100,000 fell; of Chalons, where 300,000 fell; of Marius' fight, in which 200,000 fell; of the tragedy at Herat, where Genzhis Khan massacred 1,600,000 men, and of Nishar, where he slew 1,747,000 people. At Acre, in 1818, more than 100,000 were sacrificed in fourteen years, as he went forth to do, as he declared, to exterminate the entire Chinese nation and make the empire a pasture for cattle. Think of the death throes of the 5,000,000 men sacrificed in one campaign of Xerxes. Think of the 120,000 that perished at the siege of Oostend, of 300,000 at the siege of Leningrad, of 1,816,000 of the dead at Troy, and then complete the review by considering the stupendous estimate of Edmund Burke—that the loss by war had been thirty-five times the entire then present population of the globe.

Tale of the Battlefield. Go through and examine the laceration, the gunshot fractures, the saber wounds, the gashes, the bayonet stab, the slain of bombshell and exploded mine and falling wall, and those destroyed under the gun carriage and the hoof of the cavalry horse, the burning thirsts, the camp fevers, the frosts that silvered, the tropical suns that smote. Add it up, and gather it into one vast compass, it is into one word, spell it in one syllable, clank it in one clank, pour it out in one groan, distill it into one tear.

Aye, the world has writhed in 6,000 years of suffering. Why doubt the possibility of a future world of suffering when we see the tortures that have been inflicted in this one? We learn from Sevastopol coming over to the army of the allies pointed back to the fortress and said, "That place is a perfect hell."

Our lexicographers, aware of the immense necessity of having plenty of words to express the different shades of trouble, have strewn over their pages all the words "anguish," "distress," "grief," "bitterness," "heartache," "misery," "twinge," "pang," "torment," "affliction," "anguish," "tribulation," "wretchedness," "woe." But I have a glad sound for every hospital, for every sickroom, for every life-long invalid, for every broken heart. There shall be no more pain. Praise God! Thank God! No more pain float in the air. No bruised foot treads that street. No weary arm. No painful respiration. No hectic flush. No one can drink of that healthy fountain and keep half hearted or faint headed. The first step in the movement is to become an athlete. The first task is that summer air will take the wrinkles from the old man's cheek. Amid the multitude of songsters not one diseased throat. The first flash of the throne will scatter the darkness of those who were born blind. See the lame man leaps as a hart and the dumb sing, and the deaf shall hear, and the blind shall see, and the weary shall rest.

golden. Who are those radiant ones? Why, that one had his jaw shot off at Fredericksburg, that one lost his eye in a powder blast, that one had his back broken by a fall from the ship's masts; that one died of gangrene in the hospital. No more pain.

Sure enough, here is Robert Hall who never before saw a wild day, and Edward Payson, whose body was ever born of distress, and one that says the passing of a day through untold physical tortures. All well. No more pain. Here, too, are the Theban legion, a great host of 6,000 put to the sword for Christ's sake. No distortion on their countenance. No fires to hurt them, or floods to drown them, or racks to tear them. All well. Here says the Scotch Covenanters, none to hurt them now. The dark cave and imprecations of Lord Claverhouse exchanged for temple service, and the presence of him who helped Hugh Latimer out of the fire. All well. No more pain.

Sweet Waters. I set upon the door of Heaven until these blows on you this refreshing breeze. The fountains of God have made it cool, and the gardens have made it sweet. I do not know that Solomon ever heard of a pitcher, but he wrote as if he did when he said, "As cold waters to a thirsty soul, so is good news from a far country."

Clambering among the Green Mountains I was tired and hot and thirsty, and I shall not forget how refreshing it was when after awhile I heard the mountain brook tumbling over the rocks. I had no cup, no chalice, so I got down on my knees and face to drink. Oh, ye climbers on the journey, with cut feet and parched tongues and fevered temples, listen to the rumbling of sapphire brooks, amid flowered banks, over golden shavings! Listen! The lamb within shall lead them unto living fountains of water. I do not offer it to you in a chalice. To take this you must bend Get down on your knees and on your face and drink out of this great fountain of God's consolation. "And lo, I heard a voice from Heaven, as the voice of many waters."

Why People Worship Gold. Men are accustomed to regard gold as the epitomization of wealth; to associate it with ease and luxury; to consider it the apothecary of security and power, says William Penn, Jr., in September Blue and Gray. This is merely a relic of barbaric ages, when monetary science was unknown and bits of the rare metals, coined or uncoined, were the particular possessions of kings and conquerors. This popular ascription of inherent value to the yellow metal, this silly notion that it by some means possesses a real right to rule the commerce of the world, is so ingrained in the human nature that most men recoil in dismay when it is suggested that its use as money may be entirely discontinued. While silver shared the throne with gold it, too, was held in as much and sometimes in greater reverence; but when, in 1873, concerted action condemned the white metal to take its place with corn and cotton and all the other subjects of the golden kug, the power of gold was doubled and made absolute. Too many who regard gold as a ruler by inherent right forget that, during the long struggle for supremacy, silver was more than on a within an acre of degrading her rival to the ranks, but at the end the gold power triumphed. Had the result been reversed the advocates of "honest" money might now be filled with horror at the thought of "one-cent dollars" of gold instead of silver.

People who are influenced by this ancient form of gold idolatry would do well to consider that it is a god of their own creation, whose power may and should be cut off whenever it becomes oppressive.

What Makes Bailstones? The formation of hail through electrical action, according to the new theory of Signor Marangoni, is a very interesting, and even wonderful, process. The wind draws out a cloud into a long, narrow strip. In that form, owing to the great amount of surface exposed to the air, the cloud evaporates very rapidly, and rapid evaporation produces intense cold. Dry particles of snow are then formed, and these, by friction with the water-drops, quickly become charged with negative electricity. But the water drops themselves carry positive electricity, and since negative attracts positive, a film of water is formed upon each snow-particle and is instantly frozen into a layer of ice.

At this thickness its outer surface remains moist, the water not freezing so rapidly there, whereupon the electrical charge changes from negative to positive, and the particle is repelled by the waterdrops and driven to the outer parts of the cloud. Here the increased cold covers it with snow again, and friction charges it anew with negative electricity.

Repulsion is now once more changed for attraction, and the particle rushes back into the cloud, receiving upon its surface another film of water, is turned into a second ice-layer.

Thus the growing hailstone darts zigzag through the cloud, piling up its alternate layers of snow and ice, until gravitation gains control and sends it, with a jingling crowd of its fellows, spinning to the ground.

The Deep, Deep Sea. It is a remarkable fact that the deepest parts of the sea are in all cases very near the land. The deepest-sounding known, 4,665 fathoms, or 2,730 feet, was obtained 110 miles from the islands of the next deepest, 4,551 fathoms, was found seventy miles north of Porto Rico. With a few exceptions like these the depth of the ocean as far as now known does not reach 4,000 fathoms, or four sea miles. The North Pacific has a mean depth of 2,500 fathoms, the South Pacific of 2,400, the Indian Ocean of 2,000, and the Atlantic, by far the deepest, has a mean depth of 2,200 fathoms.





**A. SCHWAERZEL**  
 PROPRIETOR OF THE  
**WAYNE SHOE SHOP**  
 Boots and shoes made to order. Workman  
 ship Guaranteed.  
 Wayne, Nebraska.  
**MERCER HOTEL,**  
 OMAHA, NEBRASKA.  
 Corner 12th and Howard Sts. Now  
 under the management of B. Sillway,  
 (late of the Murray) Omaha's newest  
 hotel. Rates reduced to \$2.00, \$2.50 and  
 \$3.00 per day. Try it the next time you  
 visit Omaha.



**Palpitation of the Heart**  
**Shortness of Breath, Swelling**  
**of Legs and Feet.**  
 "For about four years I was trou-  
 bled with palpitation of the heart,  
 shortness of breath and swelling of  
 the legs and feet. At times I would  
 faint. I was treated by the best phy-  
 sicians in Savannah, Ga., with no re-  
 lief. I then tried various Springs  
 without benefit. Finally, I tried  
**Dr. Miles' Heart Cure**  
 also his Nerve and Liver Pills. After  
 beginning to take them I felt better. I  
 continued taking them and I am now  
 in better health than for many years.  
 Since my recovery I have gained fifty  
 pounds in weight. I hope this state-  
 ment may be of value to some poor  
 sufferer."  
 E. B. SUTTON, Ways Station, Ga.  
 Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a positive  
 guarantee that the first bottle will benefit.  
 All druggists sell it for \$1.00 bottles for \$5.00  
 it will be sent prepaid, on receipt of price  
 by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

**Wayne Opera House**  
 Seating Capacity, 800.  
**JAS. BRITTON, MANAGER.**  
 Population of City, 2,000.  
**CITY OFFICERS.**  
 Mayor..... JAMES BRITTON  
 Treasurer..... F. L. NEELEY  
 Clerk..... W. H. MCNEAL  
 Police Judge..... A. P. CHILDS  
 Councilmen: 1st Ward, J. P. Gaertner, T. W.  
 Moran.  
 2nd Ward, Wm. Beckenhamer, O. B. Kort-  
 ler.  
 3rd Ward, S. D. Seager, N. Grimsley  
**CITY OFFICIALS.**  
 L. F. Rayburn, County Treasurer, Wayne.  
 E. B. Russell, County Clerk.  
 Ed. Reynolds, County Sheriff.  
 Charlot M. White, County Supt.  
 Gov. B. Wilson, County Attorney.  
 Ed. Reynolds, County Coroner.  
 Ludwig Ziemer, County Surveyor.  
 Mark Jeffrey, County Com'r.  
 Newsbiss, P. W. Oman.

**Millinery.**  
 At Miss H. Wilkinson's Millinery  
 Parlors you will find a Grand Display  
 of Winter Millinery.  
 All the Latest Novelties.  
 Have a very large stock and am giving  
 a reduction in prices. Call before  
 purchasing elsewhere and learn price.  
 I am also doing dressmaking at reduced  
 prices. Miss H. WILKINSON, up stairs  
 over the Hackett.  
**I. W. ALTER,**  
**BONDED ABSKRAFTER.**  
 Writes Insurance, Collections,  
 locked after.  
 Office over Citizens Bank, Wayne, Nebraska.

**EVERY HOME-SEEKER**  
 Should read the pamphlet recently published  
 by the passenger department of the Illinois  
 Central railroad, entitled "Southern Home  
 Seeker's Guide for 1911." It contains over 50  
 excellent letters from Northern farmers now  
 located in the South, and other authentic and  
 valuable information. For a Free Copy, ad-  
 dress the undersigned at Manchester, Iowa.  
 J. F. Mearns,  
 Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent.  
 Perfectly at Home.  
 The irrigated lands of Idaho possess  
 that peculiar qualification which is perfectly  
 adapted to the raising of apples, apricots,  
 peaches, cherries, pears, plums, grapes,  
 berries, hops, alfalfa, corn and potatoes,  
 which always find a ready market and bring  
 a good price.  
 You can't overstock the United States with  
 these commodities.  
 We'll send our advertising matter on ap-  
 plication.  
 Or E. L. Lomax, G. P. & T. A., Omaha, Neb.

**TEACHERS EXAMINATION.**  
 I will be in my office at the court house  
 every Monday and Saturday. Examinations  
 third Saturday of every month, and the Fri-  
 day preceding.  
 CHARLOTTE M. WAYNE,  
 County Superintendent.  
**N. I. JUHLIN,**  
 Manufacturer of  
**Boots & Shoes**  
 Repairing a Specialty.  
 Shop First Door South of J. S.  
 French & Co's. Office.  
 WAYNE, NEBRASKA.  
**CORNER RESTAURANT.**  
 J. R. HOOVER, Proprietor.  
 Is the establishment where you  
 can secure  
**Warm Meals at all hours**  
 Special attention given  
 to Party Suppers.  
 Oysters Served in any Style.  
 Also carry a line of excellent  
 Candies and Cigars.  
 WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

**TO ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS OR LAKE SUPERIOR**  
**TAKE THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE**  
 For tickets, information and illustrated folder, call on your local agent, or address T. W. TEASDALE, G. P. A., C. St. P. M. & O. Ry., St. Paul.

**Dr. Miles' Heart Cure**  
 also his Nerve and Liver Pills. After  
 beginning to take them I felt better. I  
 continued taking them and I am now  
 in better health than for many years.  
 Since my recovery I have gained fifty  
 pounds in weight. I hope this state-  
 ment may be of value to some poor  
 sufferer."  
 E. B. SUTTON, Ways Station, Ga.  
 Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a positive  
 guarantee that the first bottle will benefit.  
 All druggists sell it for \$1.00 bottles for \$5.00  
 it will be sent prepaid, on receipt of price  
 by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

**Rail Road Time Table**  
 CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA.  
**Trains Going East.**  
 Sioux City Passenger..... 7:55 a. m.  
 Black Hills Passenger..... 8:00 a. m.  
 Way Freight..... 7:25 a. m.  
 Freight No. 30..... 8:20 a. m.  
**Trains Going West.**  
 Overland Passenger..... 9:25 a. m.  
 Black Hills Passenger..... 9:30 a. m.  
 Way Freight..... 8:15 a. m.  
 Freight No. 33..... 2:50 p. m.  
 Freight trains Nos. 30 and 33 run Tuesdays,  
 Thursdays and Saturdays only.  
**BUMFIELD LINE.**  
 ARRIVES. LEAVES.  
 Accommodation & Pass 7:50 a. m. 9:30 a. m.  
 1:40 p. m. 3:50 p. m.  
 Sioux City accommodation connects at Em-  
 erson with Omaha passenger arriving at Omaha  
 11:00 a. m. Connections at Omaha City with all  
 east bound trains. Black Hills train east con-  
 nects at Omaha with Omaha accommodation  
 arriving at Omaha at 8:00 p. m.; connects at  
 Sioux City with all west, east, west north  
 and south. Overland passenger east, connects  
 at Sioux City with St. Paul & Duluth limited,  
 Black Hills west, connects at Norfolk with U.  
 P. & F. E. & M. V. trains east and west.  
 Overland passenger west, connects at Norfolk  
 with U. P. accommodation for all points south  
 and west. T. W. MORAN, Agt., Wayne, Neb.

**NEW Furniture Store**  
**BARTLETT & HEISTER**  
 Dealers in all kinds of  
**Furniture, Mouldings, Curtains, Etc.**  
**Hugh O'Connell's**  
**POOL and BILLIARD HALL.**  
 In Basement of Boyd Building.

**ROBERT PERRIN,**  
 Has again taken  
 possession of the  
**Hotel Perrin.**  
 Where he will be glad to wel-  
 come former patrons and  
 many new ones.  
 South of Railroad Track, Wayne, Nebr.

**DON'T BE ALARMED!**  
 You have doubtless been told that the passage of the  
 new tariff bill will make every household necessity  
 higher, but I say to you, do not be alarmed, for least as  
 far as  
**GROCERIES AND FRESH FRUIT**  
 Is concerned I'll see to it that prices  
 are kept down to the minimum. For  
 instance, I still offer  
 20 lb C. Sugar for \$1.00.  
 18 lb Granulated Sugar for \$1.00.  
 22 lb Dark Brown Sugar for \$1.00.  
 Any kind of Package Coffee at 24c.  
 Canned Salmon at 10, 15 and 20c per can.  
 25 ounce can pure Baking Powder 25c.  
 Can of solid packed Sweet Corn for 9c.  
 And such a variety of fresh Fruits, Vegetables,  
 Salt Fish, and numberless other good things,  
 and at such prices as to completely discount the  
 prevailing hard times.

**AUG. PIEPENSTOCK,**  
**City Bakery**  
 AND  
**Grocery.**  
 Keeps a full stock of first-class Gro-  
 ceries, and  
**WARM BREAD, CAKES, PIES, Etc.**  
 Every day before noon.

**SOIETIES.**  
 K. of P.—Lotus Lodge No. 65, meets the sec-  
 ond and fourth Tuesdays of each month,  
 at 7:30 p. m. A. P. Childs, C. C.  
 I. O. O. F.—Wayne Lodge No. 118, meets Mon-  
 day of each week at 7:30 p. m. Mark  
 Jeffrey, M. G.  
 A. R.—Casey Post No. 5, meets the first  
 Monday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Ed.  
 Reynolds, P. M.  
 A. F. & A. M.—Wayne Lodge, meets 2nd and  
 4th Fridays of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Becken-  
 hamer, W. M., E. Hunter, Secretary.  
 O. U. W.—Wayne Lodge, No. 109, meets the  
 first and third Thursdays of each month,  
 at 7:30 p. m. at Masonic hall. W. H. Bradford,  
 M. W., I. W. Alter, Recorder.

**CENTRAL Meat Market.**  
**FRED VOLPP, Prop.**  
 Beef, Pork, Mutton, Smoked Beef,  
 Hams Shoulders and Bacon.  
 Highest Price Paid for  
**HIDES PELTS AND FURS.**  
 Post Office Building

**TO PLEASE**  
**Shane,**  
 The Low Priced Cash Grocer.  
**JOHN S. LEWIS, JR.**  
 Manufacturer of and Dealer in  
**HARNESS AND SADDLES.**  
 Sweat Pads, Combs, Brushes,  
 And everything in the line. I make all my Harness out of the  
**Best Oak Leather.**  
 And warrant the same to be better than any of my competitors.

**L. F. HOLTZ,**  
 Satisfaction Guaranteed. **Merchant Tailor!**  
 An Elegant line of Seasonable  
 Goods to Select from.  
 Shop First Door West of the State Bank.

**Auction!**  
 I will hold a Public Auction in  
 Wayne every Saturday at 2  
 o'clock p. m.  
 Persons having anything to sell—  
 horses, cattle, hogs, machinery, or house-  
 hold articles—will please bring them in  
 and I will dispose of them to the high-  
 est bidder.  
 My charges for selling will be 5  
 per cent.  
**ED. REYNOLDS, Auctioneer**

**CHURCHES.**  
**CATHOLIC.**—Services every alternate Sun-  
 day at 10:30 a. m. Rev. Barry, Priest.  
**EPISCOPAL.**—Services held in Masonic Hall  
 subject to announcement.  
 Rev. W. H. Sparling, Pastor.  
**LUTHERAN.**—Services every Sunday at 11:00  
 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 10:00  
 Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening.  
 Rev. M. L. Kunkleman, Pastor.  
**DEUTSCHE LUTHERAN KIRCHE.**—Ser-  
 vices each alternate Sunday at 3:00 p. m.  
 Sunday School at 10:00 a. m. Services are in  
 German. Rev. Emil Asbrand.  
**FIRST PRESBYTERIAN.**—Preaching every  
 Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sun-  
 day School at 12:00 m. Y. P. S. C. E. 8:30 p. m.  
 Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Rev.  
 A. P. Ernst, Pastor.  
**FIRST BAPTIST.**—Preaching every Sunday  
 at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meet-  
 ing Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Sunday School  
 at 11:45 a. m. B. Y. P. meeting at 8:30 p. m.  
 Rev. W. Theobald, Pastor.  
**METHODIST EPISCOPAL.**—Preaching Sun-  
 day at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday  
 School at 12:00 m. Epworth League Friday  
 at 7:30 p. m. and Sunday at 8:30 p. m. Prayer  
 meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Rev. H.  
 Hirst Millard, P. C.

**The Greatest Offer Yet Made!**  
 Last season **THE HUB** delighted thou-  
 sands of buyers all over the United States  
 with **Stoutley's Hub's Boy's Outfit** at  
 \$5.00 consisting of Coat, Cap, Shoes and  
 only one pair of pants.  
**We'll do better yet this season!**

**TO PLEASE**  
**Shane,**  
 The Low Priced Cash Grocer.  
**JOHN S. LEWIS, JR.**  
 Manufacturer of and Dealer in  
**HARNESS AND SADDLES.**  
 Sweat Pads, Combs, Brushes,  
 And everything in the line. I make all my Harness out of the  
**Best Oak Leather.**  
 And warrant the same to be better than any of my competitors.

**L. F. HOLTZ,**  
 Satisfaction Guaranteed. **Merchant Tailor!**  
 An Elegant line of Seasonable  
 Goods to Select from.  
 Shop First Door West of the State Bank.

**State Bank**  
 OF WAYNE.  
 CAPITAL STOCK Paid in \$75,000  
 J. W. Jones, Vice  
 President, Henry Levy, Cashier.  
 A General Banking Business Transacted.  
 Interest paid on Time Deposits.

**COMMIT THIS TO MEMORY**  
**LATEST STYLES—LOWEST PRICES**  
**O. K. SCOFIELD**  
 CLOAKS SUITS, FURS.  
 Cor. 16th and Farnam Sts., OMAHA  
 FANTON BLOCK

**THE HUB'S "Head-to-Foot" Boy's Outfit**  
 for the fall season contains as follows:  
 One Double Breasted Coat,  
 One Stoutley's Hub's Boy's Outfit at  
 One Pair of First Class Shoes and  
 Two Pairs of Knee Pants,  
 and still the price will remain the same, **\$5.**  
 Remember, the cloth is all wool, the work-  
 manship and trimmings first-class, everything  
 strictly guaranteed—and your money back  
 should you want it.  
 Send for samples of cloth, or better yet, let  
 us send you one of the Head-to-Foot Outfits,  
 all charges prepaid for \$5.75 or C. O. D.,  
 with privilege of examination before pay-  
 ment, provided \$1.00 on account is sent with  
 the order.  
**THE HUB,**  
 The Largest Clothing Store in the World,  
 N. W. Cor. State and Jackson Sts.,  
 CHICAGO, ILL.  
 References: Any Bank or Wholesale Firm in  
 Chicago.

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 And warrant the same to be better than any of my competitors.

**L. F. HOLTZ,**  
 Satisfaction Guaranteed. **Merchant Tailor!**  
 An Elegant line of Seasonable  
 Goods to Select from.  
 Shop First Door West of the State Bank.

**CLIMAX BAKING POWDER**  
**PUREST AND BEST**  
 LESS THAN HALF THE  
 PRICE OF OTHER BRANDS  
 5 POUNDS, 20¢ +  
 HALVES TO QUARTERS, 5¢  
 SOLD IN CANS ONLY

**CITY LIVERY STABLE!**  
 S. H. RICHARDS, Proprietor.  
**GOOD RIGS**  
 Furnished on Short Notice and  
 at Reasonable Rates.  
 Ferry Bros. old Stables, corner 1st and Pearl Sts.  
**THE BOOK OF THE FAIR,**  
 By H. H. Bancroft,  
 "The Historian."  
**A WORK**  
 Of 1,000 imperial folio pages,  
 12 x 16, printed on the Mitchell  
 press, is exhibited in the Ma-  
 chinery Hall. This work con-  
 tains 25 parts of 30 pages each.  
 There will be over  
**2,500 Superb Pictures**  
 of all sizes, up to a full  
 page. A chapter on  
**Fairs of the Past**  
 From the London Crystal  
 Palace of 1851, to the Paris  
 Exposition of 1889.  
 The Exposition was but for  
**A Moment!**  
 While the Book is for  
 All Time!  
 And should be in every home. Sold by  
 Subscription only, on easy payments of  
**6 1-2 Cents per Day.**  
 For further particulars apply to  
**A. FROST,**  
 General Agent for Nebraska, 311 Sibley  
 Block, Omaha, Nebraska.

**Southern Home-Seekers' Excursions.**  
 Hundreds of Northern families are now  
 located at points on the line of the Illinois  
 Central and Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Rail-  
 roads in the states of Tennessee, Mississippi  
 and Louisiana, and thousands of others who  
 contemplate a change of location to a milder  
 climate where the winter months are  
 cheap, are waiting for the Illinois Central  
 Southern Home-Seekers' Excursions that will  
 leave Sioux City at 8:00 p. m., St. Paul at  
 5:10 p. m., Omaha at 5:00 p. m., Cedar Rapids  
 at 4:00 p. m., and Lytle at 3:55 p. m., Mondays  
 November 22, December 12, in January 7, Feb-  
 ruary 4, March 4, April 11 and 29; and from all  
 points east of Fort Dodge on the main line  
 of the Illinois Central and Yazoo & Mississippi  
 Valley points in the states of Tennessee, Mississippi and  
 Louisiana (except New Orleans and Memphis)  
 will be glad to return at will within 30  
 days, and for stop-overs in both directions  
 south of Cairo. Everyone interested in the  
 South, or who expects to change their location  
 should take advantage of these excursions as they  
 can and receive a free copy of "Southern  
 Home-Seekers' Guide" recently published by  
 the Passenger Department of the Illinois Central,  
 which is full of interesting, reliable and val-  
 uable information. J. H. RIGBY, G. P. & T. A.,  
 Illinois Central Railroad

**MARK STRINGER,**  
 THE LEADING  
**BLACKSMITH!**  
 And Machinist,  
 Of Wayne, Neb. Shop on 1st Street  
**CITY MEAT MARKET!**  
 J. H. GOLL, Prop'r.  
 Will keep First-Class Meat  
 Always on Hand.  
 Highest cash prices paid for Hides.

**D. T. WORKING'S**  
**TURF EXCHANGE,**  
 CIGARS.  
 West side Main Street, Wayne, Neb.  
**D. T. WORKING,**  
 DEALER IN  
**Fine Wines and Liquors!**  
 Sole Agent for the Celebrated  
**PABST Milwaukee BEER!**  
 Which I keep constantly on tap and in bottles.

**L. F. HOLTZ,**  
 Satisfaction Guaranteed. **Merchant Tailor!**  
 An Elegant line of Seasonable  
 Goods to Select from.  
 Shop First Door West of the State Bank.





CHILDREN MURDERED

HORRIBLE MUTILATION OF TWO CHILDREN IN OHIO.

The Powers Are Again Asked to Mediate with Japan to End the War—Will Uncle Sam Take Part—Other Items of Interest.

Children Horribly Murdered.

Paulding, Ohio, special: A horrible murder was discovered near here. A boy aged 7 and a girl aged 5, children of Samuel Good, a prosperous farmer living two miles south of town, left home for Sunday School. Not returning at night searching parties were started out. Their little bodies were found in a brush heap. The boy's throat was cut from ear to ear and the girl decapitated and disemboweled with an ax. An attempt had been made to burn the brush, but it was too wet. The theory is that the little girl was outraged and a double murder was committed to conceal the crime. The surrounding country is up in arms and men are searching everywhere for the guilty parties.

The news of the horrible affair spread rapidly, and soon hundreds of people were on the scene. Sheriff Staley was among the number and arrested Charles Hart, a neighbor boy, who was at once suspected. When accused of the crime he denied it in a heroic way.

The bodies were found within three rods of young Hart's home and about half a mile from the home of the children. The children's hands were fastened together with a piece of tarred rope attached to a billet of wood resembling a rough hewn pump handle. It is thought this will furnish a definite clue. One of the grounds of suspicion is that when the bodies were found the boy discharged a gun and ran to his home in an excited manner.

CHINA ANXIOUS FOR PEACE.

The Powers are Again Asked to Mediate with Japan.

London special: The Daily News says the Chinese minister has imparted to the foreign office China's desire that the powers mediate with Japan for peace. The minister has gone to Paris to make a similar request of France. In a leader commenting on the foregoing, the Daily News says: "China has approached the powers with the terms of peace she will offer Japan. This is a formal renewal of a larger scale of the overtures made to the Queen's Ministers a month ago. No European power can well desire to prolong this disastrous conflict. Even the United States, despite the Monroe doctrine, must be concerned for the regularity and security of their great trade with Japan. It will be difficult to contend that interference is premature now."

Berlin Had a Tough Passage.

London special: The American liner Berlin has arrived at Southampton, from New York and reports that she experienced the worst weather since 1877 on her last passage. During five days the weather was specially bad; tremendous seas swept over her decks and the passengers were looked below part of the time. During the height of the storm Third Officer Bromley was washed overboard and drowned. Two of the crew were dashed against the bulwarks and injured. The vessel sustained little damage.

Docks Burned at New Orleans.

New Orleans special: Fire destroyed the freight sheds of the West Indian and Pacific Steamship Company on the levee, together with contents, including 4,000 bales of cotton, valued at \$120,000; wheat, oats, sheda, molasses, staves, screw men's tools, oil cake, etc., valued at \$30,000. The total loss is \$150,000; well insured. The fire is believed to be incendiary.

Apaches Again Killing Settlers.

San Francisco special: A dispatch received here from Deming, N. M., says a man named Prescott was shot by Indians on the Gray Ranch, Grant County. The shooting was the work of Apaches and Prescott is the second man shot by them during the past few weeks.

Killed Two Hundred and Fifty.

London special: A dispatch to the Times from Ouetta says that 250 of the Wiarri Tribe were killed in the encounter with the delimitation party. The latter lost Lieutenant McAuley, twenty-one soldiers and twenty-three followers.

Shook a Number of Towns.

Mexico special: The earthquake extended to a number of towns in the states of Vera Cruz, Hidalgo, Puebla and Mexico. The damage in this city is estimated at \$50,000.

New Chinese Loan.

London special: It is said that a new Chinese loan of £1,365,000 at 7 per cent, will be issued by the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank. The issue price will be 95.

Twenty-One Were Drowned.

Milford Haven special: The steamer Thomas struck Crow Rock, near Milford Haven. Twenty-one men, including the captain and officers, were drowned. Several of the crew were saved.

Eighteen and Sixteen Years Old.

Atchison, Kan., special: Miss Ellen Stubbins, who claimed to be 118 years of age, died here.

Went With Her on Board.

Portland, Ore., special: The ship

Benny Ditzard has arrived at Port Blakely, bringing news that the ship Ivanhoe, which has been overdue for a month, sank September 20 with all on board. This is the ship on which ex-United States Minister to Bolivia Grant was a passenger.

The Ivanhoe carried a crew of twenty, all shipped from San Francisco. E. D. Griffin was captain. The passengers on board were: Hon. Frederick J. Grant, editor of the Seagull Post-Intelligencer; Allen B. Faigler, Mrs. Mattie L. Bars, Mrs. Irene Mulen, physician, and Edward Allardye, stowaway.

PAST WEEK IN TRADE.

Wholesalers and Manufacturers Writing on the Retailers.

New York special: Dun & Co. will say: The volume of production has been well maintained, though smaller than last year and in 1892, and in one or two branches has increased. There have been no monetary difficulties; breadstuffs is a little higher, and no material decline appears during the week in manufactured products. Cogs advanced 2 cents, yet pork and hams were somewhat lower, with lard about the same. Wheat is 4c higher for spot and 1c for December, although western receipts were only 4,587,670 bushels for the week, against 5,593,171 last year, and Atlantic exports increased to 698,586 bushels, against 740,596 last year. Cotton is again lower, spot being 5.75 cents, with receipts heavy. In the iron industry the chief activity is on structural work, bridge and other plates, while the demand for sheets is somewhat diminished, bar and wire showing improvement, and nails are weaker.

Waiting for the retail trade depresses textile manufacturers and concessions in price have been made to effect large contracts. Otherwise the market is generally dull, without indications of improvement. In wool, the fall and winter demand is disappointing. Manufacturers are not disposed to produce in advance of the change January 1, and so are buying only for current needs, and at the west it is complained that wool goes begging at prices below the parity of similar wool abroad on a secured basis. At the three eastern markets the sales for the week were 4,099,500 pounds, against 4,458,500 last year.

During the week the failures were 249 in the United States against 358 last year.

STREET CARS TO CARRY MAIL.

Traction Companies of Pittsburgh Contract with the Government.

Pittsburg special: The trolley will be used to deliver mail in Pittsburgh. Assistant Superintendent J. M. Masten of the railway mail service at Washington, met representatives of the Pittsburgh and Duquesne Traction Company and signed a contract to use the trolley and cable cars for the delivery of mail from the postoffice to the East Liberty substation. The mail will be carried beside the motor men and gripmen, and will be in custody of the men in charge of the cars. The mails will leave the postoffice every hour, and the company's employees will be held responsible for every mail pouch that leaves the city. Every employee of the company will be sworn into the Government service. Each car that carries the mail will also carry a flag of a dark red color, bearing the inscription in white letters, "U. S. Mail." The Government will pay for the service by weight. Special delivery messages will be carried free. If the experiment proves successful all the traction lines in Pittsburgh will be used, and the service extended to other cities.

Hurricane in the South.

Brenham, Texas, special: A hurricane, accompanied by hail and lightning, passed over this section. Dwellings, barns, fences and trees were blown away. A number of people were badly injured by flying debris and falling houses and trees, but it is believed no lives were lost. The damage to crops is very great.

Shriveport, La., special: This section and city was visited by a disastrous storm. Cabins, outhouses, gins and cribs and many residences were blown away or overturned. As far as known nobody was killed.

British Ships Going to Peru.

Tacoma, Wash., special: A dispatch to the Ledger from Victoria, B. C., says that the flagship Royal Arthur and four other ships of the British squadron at that point have been ordered to Callao at once. The British Consulate at that place has been taken possession of by revolutionists and the Consul made a prisoner. His wife and daughter have been killed and the Consulate has been burned to the ground. The flagship left under full steam and will call at Victoria for one hour. Admiral Stephenson is on board.

The Nicaragua Canal.

New York special: A bill has been introduced in the state Legislature of Vermont to incorporate the Nicaragua Company to take up the work of construction of the Nicaragua Canal. It is announced that the money has been secured to complete the work. A new company, it is understood, is to succeed the Nicaragua Canal Construction Company.

Seize a British Steamer.

Yokohama special: The British steamer Gaelic, which sailed from San Francisco October 16, which was due to leave for Hong Kong immediately, has been seized by the Japanese authorities. It is supposed the seizure is due to the charge that she is carrying contraband of war.

Sugar Mandamus Case Finished.

Washington special: The attorneys in the sugar mandamus case have concluded their arguments. Judge McCoombs took them under advisement.

EDISON'S LATEST.

The Wizard Working on a Wonderful New Invention.

New York special: Thomas A. Edison is engaged in a new invention which, if a success, bids fair to make all his other wonders fade into comparative insignificance. The proposition alone is enough to take an ordinary man's breath away, let alone the practical demonstration. It is to render communication between opposite ends of the earth possible without telegraph, telephone or any of the many appliances known to modern science, or even a wire. Here is the simple proposition. Your friend in Europe carries a small machine of this new invention, in size and shape resembling an ordinary watch. You carry a similar one in America. When you wish to communicate with your friend in Europe you take out the watch, the needle of which is in electric sympathy with his machine. This needle oscillates like that of a compass and when you find the direction in which it points you turn it in that direction and think hard. That is all. The claim is that the mechanism of the new invention is so delicate that it will respond to this current.

PANIC IN CITY OF MEXICO.

Severe Earthquake Shocks Destroy a Number of Houses.

City of Mexico special: The strongest earthquake shocks ever felt in Mexico has occurred, lasting five minutes. Many houses and walls fell. The streets are full of fleeing people. Many are wounded and a number have died. Electric and other lights went out, leaving the city in darkness. The streets were filled with screaming, crying, praying people. The scene is indescribable. The people in the theaters, which were all running at the time, were terribly frightened and panics were averted only by the police. Passengers in trains were the most frightened of all. All telephonic connections were interrupted. Shocks were felt in surrounding towns, but details have not been received yet. It is reported that three persons were killed and ten wounded by the shock in this city as far as known.

SWINDLED WESTERN FARMERS.

Philadelphia Butter Dealers Work Them for \$25,000.

Philadelphia special: The Press will say, in April last M. M. Browning and a young man whose name is not known, opened a store for the sale of butter in this city. Browning watched the business here and sent the young man west to negotiate with farmers for the sale of their product. He returned with a number of names on a list and consignments of butter thereafter arrived from the west, to be paid for upon delivery. Three weeks ago Browning suddenly left town and last Tuesday the young man followed. Since the disappearance information has been received from farmers in Illinois and southern Wisconsin to the effect that Browning failed to pay for consignments aggregating \$25,000 in value. Steps have been taken to capture the fugitives. It is thought there are other victims in the west yet to be heard from.

Heavy Shipments to Brazil.

Baltimore special: The barkentine White Springs has sailed for Rio de Janeiro with a cargo valued at \$42,000 including 6,200 barrels of flour. Eight barrels have departed for Brazilian ports from Baltimore in October, besides three steamers. These vessels took out cargoes made up of flour, lard, cottonseed oil, canned goods and turpentine. The shipments in flour alone will aggregate more than 51,000 barrels, and the value of all the cargoes will exceed \$150,000. A reason for these heavy shipments of American goods is that the Brazilian Government has determined to withdraw from the reciprocity agreement with the United States on the first of the year.

Only One Hope for Lewis.

Ardmore, I. T., special: A writ of habeas corpus was argued before Judge Stuart to save the life of Silon Lewis, the Chetaw Indian under sentence of death. Lewis is one of the men whose crime grew out of the political revolutions which have disturbed that country for the past several years. Judge Stuart denied the writ. Lewis will be shot within a few days unless the President intervenes in his behalf.

Will Investigate Indian Schools.

Washington special: General Superintendent of Indian Schools Hallman is now on his way west to make a tour of inspection to the Indian schools and agencies in North Dakota and South Dakota. Superintendent Hallman will be gone for one month or six weeks and expects to obtain some valuable information which he will embody in a report to the Indian Office.

Opinions of the New Czar.

Rome special: It is believed that the new Czar, whose sympathies are known to be with Germany and England, will by degrees detach himself from France. A member of the Russian Embassy says that the new Czar will inaugurate a new policy in regard to home legislation and in the direction of liberal reform, but that in his foreign policy the traditions of the Czar's father will remain unchanged.

Took the Blame on Himself.

City of Mexico special: Antonio Ezeta claims he telegraphed to President Cleveland that he alone was guilty of the murder of which Colonel Cleofugas was accused and for which he was held in San Francisco, and offered to go and take Cleofugas' place as the office Secretary. Gresham ordered Judge Morrow to dismiss Cleofugas.

GAIN TWO VICTORIES.

JAPS WIN THE FIRST BATTLE FOUGHT ON CHINESE SOIL.

Mikado's Forces Prepare to Make a Telling Advance Before Cold Weather—Crop Conditions Reported from Twelve States—Death of Honore Mercier.

One Port Arthur Fort Falls.

Two important and significant Japanese victories are recorded by United States Minister Denby in a cable to the State Department at Washington. He says that the Chinese forces have been defeated at Chin Lien Cheng, and have retreated to Moukden, and that the Japanese have taken one of the Chinese forts at Port Arthur.

The scene of the first engagement is just across the Yalu river in Manchuria, and it marks the first real aggressive movement by the Japanese on Chinese soil. It is believed that the preceding movements on the west side of the Yalu river by the Japanese have been in the nature of skirmishes to develop the road to the Chinese forces. This having been done, the Japanese are supposed to have formally entered upon the campaign with Moukden, the Manchurian capital, as the objective point. Unless they are fully prepared to make this a winter campaign, something heretofore unknown in Eastern warfare, they will be obliged to force the fighting and move with great speed, as but fifteen days remain before cold weather comes.

In the neighborhood of Port Arthur, where the recent Japanese success is reported, the winter climate is so severe and operations may be maintained until much later in the season, particularly in view of the excellent base of supplies afforded for the Japanese troops in the presence of their own war vessels in the neighborhood, which will keep open lines of communication with Corea and Japanese supply ports. It is believed that notwithstanding the taking of a Chinese fort by the Japanese at Port Arthur the place will be able to hold out for a long time. It is strongly fortified by land and sea, the plans being drawn by experienced European engineers. Officers and crew offer a most formidable resistance. The experts at Washington believe that it cannot be reduced by the Japanese without the use of heavy siege artillery and so far as reported the Japanese are not supplied with this.

Inasmuch as the capture of Port Arthur would result in giving Japan control of the Gulf of Corea and cut off the Chinese capital from communication with the sea, it is believed that the Japanese will make a most determined effort to capture the fortress. The belief that they are prepared to do this, even if it involves a long siege and a winter campaign, is borne out by the fact that the agents of the Japanese government in this country have quietly bought up a vast store of goat skins, and have practically cornered the market. As these skins are commonly used in China and Japan as a necessary part of the soldier's winter trappings, it is fair to presume that the Japanese are making ready for a winter campaign. The interest is shown in the news at both Japanese and Chinese legations in Washington.

MERCIER IS NO MORE.

Ex-Premier of Quebec Yields After a Struggle for Life.

Ex-Premier of Quebec, died at Montreal Tuesday evening. He had been sick for many weeks, during which his death had been almost momentarily expected. Hope of recovery had been given up weeks ago. In fact, from the moment he was taken to his bed he first fell seriously ill on the 14th of August last it had been felt that he lay on his death bed. Mr. Mercier had been suffering from a complication of diseases for several years past, diabetes predominating. After his defeat at the general elections of March, 1892, his friends expressed the opinion that he had only six months to live, but by dint of adopting abstemious habits of living he managed to prolong his life. Honore Mercier was born at St. Athel's, Que., in 1840. He was educated at the Jesuit College in Montreal and began the study of law. He was for a time editor of the Courier de St. Hyacinthe and was admitted to the bar in 1865. In 1883 Mercier was elected leader of the Quebec Liberals. The feeling aroused by the execution of Louis Riel in Que., in 1885, led to a rebellion in the Northwest, and from that opportunity, and when the election of 1888 came on he organized a brilliant campaign, which led to the defeat of the Conservative Government. Mr. Mercier was summoned to form a Cabinet on Jan. 27, 1887. His administration was marked by several incidents. As Premier he was a staunch champion of French-Canadians and their rights. One of the most important acts of his administration was the settlement of the Jesuit estate question, by which the Jesuits were paid a large sum of money, and which provoked a storm of indignation in other provinces. He attracted considerable attention on account of his advocacy of Canadian independence.

CROP CONDITIONS.

Correspondents in Twelve States Give Information for Farmers.

The Farmers' Review has received reports from its correspondents in twelve States on the relative area of wheat being sown, on the condition of the corn crop at harvest, on condition of horses, with supply and prices, and the condition of pastures.

Wheat Feeding—In spite of the low prices of wheat the area sown this fall will be about the same as last in most of the States reported, except, perhaps, Kansas and Nebraska. In all the States there are counties where wheat will be sown this year but that counties are not numerous. They are offset by the counties that will sow more than the usual amount in Western Nebraska and Kansas.

THE FOE OF VICE.

Rev. W. G. Clarke, the Parkhurst of the Windy City.

As New York looked upon Rev. Dr. Parkhurst two years ago, so the citizens of Chicago are regarding the Rev. W. G. Clarke, one of the eloquent young preachers of that city, who has set out on a mission of municipal reform. Clarke's methods differ somewhat from those of the New York divine. After a careful survey of the field, he came to the conclusion that the gambling evil was the worst one

Telegraphic Clue.

GEORGE GOULD'S match company has been organized.

DULUTH voted to buy the city water-works and gas plant.

PLATE-GLASS manufacturers are endeavoring to form a trust.

A SNOWSTORM lasting eight hours occurred at Hay Springs, Neb.

SEVERAL buildings burned at Rolla, Mo., causing a loss of \$50,000.

J. M. GREGG, a prominent business man of Burlington, Iowa, is dead.

MRS. W. H. JONES was found dead at Salem, Ohio. Murder is suspected.

JOSEPH KERCHER was killed at Philadelphia, Pa., by a batted base-ball.

An unknown steamer and all hands went down in the English channel.

ORDERS have been issued to work the Reading collieries to their full capacity.

GOVERNMENT troops will be sent to Indian Territory to rid the country of bandits.

W. J. BARNES is held at Sioux City, Iowa, to answer to a score of charges of forgery.

THE Rev. Dr. A. P. Happer, for forty years a missionary in China, died at Wooster, Ohio.

J. A. FRANCIS, ester of the City Bank at Hartford, Conn., is in jail. His shortage is \$23,000.

The power house and machine shop of the Canadian canal at Sault Ste. Marie, Canada, burned.

CHARLES E. ANDERSON, a Swede, committed suicide at Hot Springs, Ark., by taking morphine.

SOCIETY people of Det. Cit engaged in a fox hunt, an aniseed bag being substituted for the fox.

THREE trainmen were injured and considerable property destroyed by a collision at Lima, Ohio.

GOVERNMENT officials have made a vigorous protest to Germany against the war on American cattle.

THE American brig T. W. Lucas, Puget Sound to San Francisco, was abandoned at sea in a leaking condition.

DR. LENT, botanist, and Dr. Kretschmar, zoologist, and several black followers have been slain in Africa by natives.

A GUN exploded in the hands of Philip Raymond, of West Newton, Mass., and killed his wife and 8-year-old son.

JOAQUIN INFANTE, one of the wealthiest men of New Orleans, died at sea while en route from Sicily to New Orleans.

BOSTON and New York capitalists have formed a syndicate to purchase a line of newspapers from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

OFFICIALS of the United Mine Workers deny the rumor that the coal miners of Illinois contemplate another general strike.

ALICE BRANDON, of Wausau, Ind., took poison at Frankfort, Ind., and died. She left a lover saying, "The wages of sin is death."

CHARLES REEVES committed suicide at Hot Springs, Ark., by shooting. Reeves was from Mexico, and had been in the city two weeks. He left no statement.

CONGRESSMAN HALL, of Minnesota, was very seriously injured by falling from a trestle after a political rally at Hastings. In hurrying for his train to attend a meeting, he fell head foremost twenty feet.

the weather and ground are yet too dry to encourage the sowing, even if all had seed to sow, which some have not. In fact there seems a good prospect that the similar regions will experience a dry fall, like the one that is being met in that case. It would be little use to sow. Some of the counties in these States will put in very large areas compared with last year. In the ordinary crop farmers, it is quite generally good in hardness and dryness, but in quantity is the same as indicated by former reports.

Horses are in generally good condition as to flesh and health. The supply of common and poor horses is very large. In spite of the incessant warnings of the ordinary crop farmers, the market continued to breed cheap horses to cheap stallions, and now have on their hands myriads of horses so poor in quality that no one wants them, and some cannot be given away. In some localities the prices are the lowest in forty years. Few good driving horses or roadsters are reported, but a great multitude of the ordinary crop farmers work horses and scrubs. It seems doubtful if there will be a rise in prices under present conditions, and would indicate that farmers must add to their pastures and herds.

Pastures—Under the influence of the fall rains the pastures have revived in most of the States. In some places they are the best known. There is proving a great blessing to the farmers with show hay and fodder crops. It will give a bountiful supply of food till the frost kills it and will send the cattle into winter in better condition than usual.

BEFORE THE SUPREME COURT.

Interesting Case from South Omaha Involving a Unique Question Cited.

The appeal of John Pederson against the South Omaha National Bank was filed with the clerk of the supreme court at Lincoln a day or so since. This is the case brought up from the Fourth Judicial District in which the appellant asks that the South Omaha Bank be declared trustee of the sum of \$67,000. The petition sets up that John Pederson, through his attorneys, Gasmann & Dudley, sold twenty-one head of cattle to Swift & Co. of South Omaha for \$925.42. After deducting commission and other expenses, Gasmann & Dudley were alleged to have deposited \$67,000 in the South Omaha National Bank. When Pederson tried to draw on the bank through his attorneys, National Bank of Seward, he was informed that no money to his credit was in the bank.

Fire Loss at Fairbury.

At Fairbury a fire started in the two-story frame building owned by Dr. L. Clarke and occupied by Spinburgh & Emanuel's meat market. The building, with one adjoining, owned and occupied by A. C. Laufer, was entirely destroyed. Laufer's loss is \$14,000. Spinburgh & Emanuel's stock of tailor goods; insurance, \$700 on building and \$3,000 on stock. Clarke's loss is about \$1,800, with \$1,300 insurance. The meat market was insured for \$800. The fire is supposed to have originated in a defective flue. Notwithstanding the hard wind, the fire department saved the adjoining buildings from any loss.

Farmers are Much Elated.

The case of Nelson Brown, a resident of the county sheriff in the Stimm Seed deal at Valley, was settled in Judge Blair's court, and Mr. Brown given a judgment of \$5,493.20. This is good news to the seed growers of Douglas County, who delivered their seed to Brown one year ago and did not receive a cent for them. Nelson Brown was the agent for the Stimm Seed Company, and purchased a large quantity of seeds from the farmers. The company went under and the farmers were left holding the empty sacks, while the company had possession of their seeds.

Holt County's Big Pitch.

G. C. Hazelett of O'Neill, who went to New York in the interests of the Niobrara River Irrigation and Power Company has returned. While absent Mr. Hazelett made definite arrangements for the construction of the big ditch from Sheridan County through Cherry, Brown, Rock and Holt Counties, work on which will begin within thirty days. All that is now lacking is the arranging of details and the signing of the contract, which will be done at the meeting of the directors, when the work of surveying will begin.

Fairbury Depot Burned.

The old depot building of the St. Joe and Grand Island at Fairbury, lately used for oil storage, caught fire from sparks from a passing engine and was entirely consumed. The wind was blowing a gale from the south, and it was only by good work on the part of the fire department that the fire was kept from spreading through a thickly settled part of the city.

Will Suppress Lawlessness.

At Terra Hill, a settlement about ten miles southwest of Newcastle, there is a gang of thieves whose dishonesty stops not at the church door. A vigilance committee has been formed by the honest people of that place to protect themselves from the plunderers. Instant justice, this committee says, will be meted out to the thieves when caught.

Serious Charge Against a Woman.

A good deal of excitement was caused at Bellevue by a warrant being sworn out before Justice Betz by Thomas Burke and Dan Lawrence against Mrs. Sarah Patrick for attempted poisoning. Mrs. Patrick pleaded not guilty and gave bonds to appear for preliminary hearing on November 9.

Raided a Carload of Potatoes.

At Valley, during the heavy snow storm, thieves broke into a car which was standing on the sidetrack and stole about forty bushels of potatoes, which were carried away in wagons. A Union Pacific detective was trying to find some trace of the thieves, but no clue was obtained.

Elkhorn Brakeman Killed.

Will Morris, one of the most popular young brakemen on the Elkhorn, was run over and instantly killed, between Hay Springs and Bordeaux. His body was badly mangled. The remains were taken in charge by the Knights of Pythias and relatives.

Close Call for the Bonds.

The question as to whether the village of Nelson should issue bonds to the amount of \$13,000 for the construction of a system of water works was submitted to the voters of Nelson. One hundred and seventy-four votes were cast and the proposition carried by one majority.

Death of a Lancaster County Pioneer.

John Meyer, one of the oldest settlers in Lancaster County and an extensive land owner, is dead, aged 89 years.

Western's Children's Home Society.

A branch of the children's Home Society was organized at Weston by Miss Flora Wiley, district superintendent.

Small Mine at St. Paul.

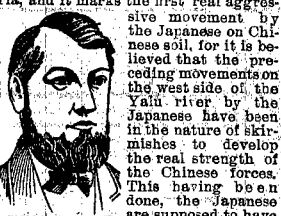
The court house at St. Paul had a narrow escape from destruction by fire a day or two since. The firemen in a short time had the fire under control. Damage will probably amount to \$300, fully covered by insurance.

Ready to Irrigate.

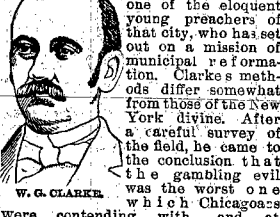
Water has been turned into the North Loup irrigation ditch from which water will be taken to irrigate about 10,000 acres of the best land in the Loup Valley. It has already stimulated the sale of real estate.

Small Mine at St. Paul.

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CHARLES DENBY.



W. G. CLARKE.



# DEATH OF THE CZAR.

## RULER OF ALL THE RUSSIAS HAS PASSED AWAY.

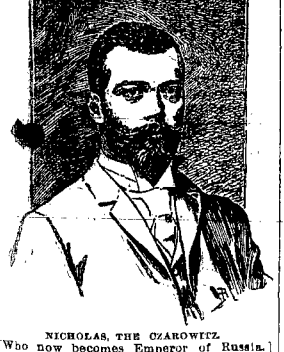
Crowned Heads Gather About the Bier of the Dead Emperor—End of Weeks of Anxiety—Something About the Career of the Great Ruler.

Russia mourns her loss. Death has claimed Alexander III, czar of Russia. The end came peacefully at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon. For weeks it has been known that his illness could have only a fatal ending, and the world is not unprepared to hear that the house of Romanoff has suffered bereavement. The news of the czar's death, although expected every moment for the last two weeks, has caused confusion approaching consternation throughout Europe. Nobody believed that he could recover, but everybody thought he would before his death settled finally the question of the succession.



THE LATE CZAR OF RUSSIA.

function. They are wondering with the rest of the world what the effect of the czar's death will be in Europe. Possibly the Czarowitz won't succeed his father; more likely he will be the Czarowitz and Princess Alix, who is the granddaughter of Queen Victoria through one of the petty German princes, were to have been wedded this week. The marriage was decided by the czar, and had he lived a few days longer it would have taken place. The Czarowitz is under German influence and his accession to the throne is assumed to forbid ill to



NICHOLAS, THE CZAROWITZ. Who now becomes Emperor of Russia.

France, which has had an enlightened friend in Alexander III. Yet France will probably be calm, secure in the belief that there can be no lasting alliance between Russia on the one hand and Germany and England on the other. Whoever succeeds to the throne will be bound to follow out Czar Alexander III's policy of completing the trans-Siberian road to Vladivostok on the Pacific; of extending Russia's boundaries along the Chinese frontier, and of combating English advances in Afghanistan. So there is more probability of a collision in the future than of a close alliance between Russia and England. As to Germany, a friendly commercial treaty has already been entered into, but Russian statesmanship would never permit a permanent alliance which would cast Russia in the shade, as Austria and Italy are cast in the shadow by the triple alliance.

It is thirteen years since Alexander III was a sanguinary in the streets of St. Petersburg. His son and successor has lived a life of seclusion, surrounded by plotters and conspirators, perhaps wondering whether the bitter pest of the nihilists that he would be permitted to die in his bed would mark his true illness, but whether that be true or not the shadow which has hung over him could not have been darker if open attempts had been made on his life. Of late Emperor's policy at home the outside world is competent to judge in a general way. Yet the Jews have been persecuted with all the ardor of a conscientious sovereign, other sects have been driven out or silenced and religious persecution has flourished as it only can flourish under a bigoted autocrat. As to domestic policy, the Russian people seem to be fitted to see whether the czar's reign has been a good one and of Alexander's foreign policy intel-

ligent judgment can be formed, and there will be little disposition to withhold praise. He has unquestionably saved the peace of Europe when it was threatened. His friendship for France has been firm, yet discreet, and has operated as a check on the volatile nation. His attitude toward the triple alliance of Germany, Austria and Italy, while not pointedly antagonistic, has been clear and has shown that no combination of powers would be permitted to dominate continental Europe. Alexander's death may hasten complications that have been arising. It may strengthen the German influence in Russia and help to isolate France. Yet it is too soon to guess what its full effect will be. Germany and Russia are not natural allies and France knows it.

### REGARD OF THE CZAR.

Always Respected His Kingly Office as a Heavy Burden. Alexander III, Emperor of all the Russias, who succeeded to the throne on the murder of his father by nihilist conspirators on March 13 (N. S.), 1881, was born March 10, 1845. For some time after his elevation to the throne he seldom appeared in public, but lived in the closest retirement at Gatchina, being in constant dread of the machinations of the secret societies of socialists. His coronation took place at Moscow, May 27, 1881. Alexander III has never regarded his kingly office anything but a heavy burden,

which personal inclination as well as common prudence imperatively urged him to shake off, and he richly deserves all the credit attaching to the sense of religious duty with which he struggled against the former and the manly courage with which he successfully opposed the latter. He married in 1866 Mary Feodorovna (formerly Mary Sophia Frederica Dagmar), daughter of Christian, the ninth King of Denmark and sister of the Princess of Wales and the King of Greece. The principal concern of the czar has been to put down nihilism, to develop the military power of Russia, to organize her Asiatic and Caucasian provinces, and to keep a steady eye upon Constantinople. His reign has not been signalized by any reforms. Everything, on the contrary, has been maintained in Russia as it was at the time of his father's assassination in March, 1881. As regards foreign affairs, the reign of Alexander III has hitherto been remarkable for the progress made by the Russian armies in Central Asia. Soon after the accession of the new sovereign it was rashly stated in the British Parliament that the young emperor had abandoned his Central Asia policy, when all he had done had been to recall the troops which had just taken Geok-Tepe, a strong post on the road to Merv. The czar's daily habits of life were those of a pope rather than of a secular monarch; his relaxations those of a prisoner rather than of a potentate. When residing at Gatchina he generally arose at 7 a. m., whereas few noblemen in the capital leave their beds much before midday. He usually took a quiet walk in the uninteresting, well-watched palace park, returned to early breakfast and engaged in severe manual labor as preparation for the official work of the day. The latter consisted mainly in the reading and signing of enormous piles of edicts, ukases, bans and reports, all of which he conscientiously endeavored to understand. Luncheon was always served at 1 o'clock, and consisted of three courses, including soup, in the preparation of which Russian cookery is far ahead of that

of the rest of Europe. The czar, in spite of all his occupations, was fond of private life. He has often said: "I long to bury myself in the country and live on an estate; but I am called to a throne and must remain at the post of duty."



THE PRINCESS ALIX.

A freight and construction train collided on the Pennsylvania Road at Creighton, Pa., and twenty-five men were killed and nine men injured.

# STRIKES THE FARMER

## HOW HE IS PROTECTED BY A DEMOCRATIC-TARIFF.

Destructive Power of the Gorman-Wilson Law as Regards Its Effect Upon Northern Agricultural Interests—Hoke Smith Still Pursuing Union Veterans.

Reference has been made to the fact that the new Gorman-Wilson tariff law reduces the duties on all important agricultural products, thus dealing a severe blow to American farmers. The Troy Times has carefully compiled the following table showing the duties under the old or McKinley act and those now imposed by the new or Gorman law. The items are from the official copies of the two laws and are absolutely correct in each case:

	McKinley law.	Gorman law.
Horses worth \$150 or more.....	30 per cent	30 per cent
Mules.....	\$30 per head	20 per cent
Over a year old.....	\$10 per head	30 per cent
Cattle 1 year old.....	\$2 per head	20 per cent
Over 1 year old.....	\$1.50 per head	20 per cent
Sheep more than 1 year old.....	\$1.50 per head	20 per cent
Sheep 1 year old.....	75c per head	20 per cent
And less.....	30c per head	20 per cent
Barley.....	45c per bus	40 per cent
Barley malt.....	50c per bus	40 per cent
Barley, pearled.....	50c per bus	40 per cent
Barley, flaked.....	50c per bus	40 per cent
Corn or maize.....	15c per bus	20 per cent
Corn meal.....	20c per bus	20 per cent
Oats.....	15c per bus	20 per cent
Oat meal.....	15c per lb	15c per lb
Rye.....	10c per bus	20 per cent
Rye flour.....	20c per lb	20 per cent
Wheat.....	25c per bus	20 per cent
Wheat flour.....	25c per lb	20 per cent
Butter.....	10c per lb	40 per lb
Cheese.....	6c per lb	40 per lb
Milk.....	5c per gal	20 per lb
Eggs.....	7c per doz	30c per doz
Beans.....	4c per bus	20 per cent
Hay.....	\$4 per ton	\$2 per ton
Straw.....	\$2 per ton	\$1 per ton
Onions.....	20c per bus	20c per bus
Peas, green.....	40c per bus	50c per bus
Peas, split.....	20c per bus	50c per bus
Peas, sprouts.....	40c per bus	50c per bus
Potatoes.....	25c per bus	15c per bus
Castor beans.....	20c per bus	20c per bus
Flaxseed, etc.....	20c per bus	20c per bus
Garden and agricultural seeds.....	20 per cent	10 per cent
Vegetables, n. s. p.....	25 per cent	15 per cent
Sauces.....	30 per cent	15 per cent
Apples, green or ripe.....	25c per bus	20 per cent
Apples, dried.....	7c per lb	20 per cent
Honey.....	20c per gal	10c per gal
Gum, etc.....	50c per lb	15c per lb
Plums.....	20c per lb	15c per lb
Walnuts, not shelled.....	3c per lb	20 per lb
Walnuts, shelled.....	6c per lb	4c per lb
Beef, mutton and pork.....	2c per lb	2c per lb
Lard.....	2c per lb	2c per lb
Poultry, live.....	3c per lb	2c per lb
Poultry, dressed.....	6c per lb	2c per lb
Tobacco, leaf.....	\$2 per lb	\$1.50 per lb
Tobacco, stem'd.....	\$2.75 per lb	\$2.25 per lb
Tobacco, sliced, unstemmed.....	50c per lb	50c per lb
Tobacco, sliced, stemmed.....	50c per lb	50c per lb
Wool, first class.....	11c per lb	Free
Wool, second class.....	10c per lb	Free
Wool, third class.....	9c per lb	Free

The most superficial examination of this table will prove the destructive power of the new tariff as regards its effect upon Northern agricultural interests. It includes the principal products of the entire Northwest. The Canadian agriculturists are near neighbors of the North American tillers of the soil, and in direct competition with them. The Canadians have the advantage of low-priced land and labor, and the ample and cheap rail and water communication gives them as ready access to the markets on this side of the border as that enjoyed by the Americans. If they can produce their staples at less cost than their American competitors and have equal facilities for transportation, it is obvious that without a duty sufficient to counteract the difference the Americans must give up the home field to their foreign rivals, and a long step has been taken in that direction by the adoption of the new Democratic tariff.

Proof of this is afforded by a simple table, taken from a Milwaukee paper, comparing the prices in Wisconsin and in Canada. The figures below may be relied on, as they are taken from the latest report of the Milwaukee market, and in most cases represent actual transactions. The figures given are the highest and the lowest rate in each instance, and the quotations are as nearly as possible those of grade for grade:

	American.	Canadian.
Wool, first class.....	11c per lb	Free
Wool, second class.....	10c per lb	Free
Wool, third class.....	9c per lb	Free
Barley, bus.....	45c @ 50c	40 @ 44
Barley malt, bus.....	50c @ 55c	44 @ 48 1/2
Barley, pearled, bus.....	50c @ 55c	44 @ 48 1/2
Barley, flaked, bus.....	50c @ 55c	44 @ 48 1/2
Maize, bus.....	15c @ 16c	8.00 @ 9.00
Oats, bus.....	15c @ 16c	8.00 @ 9.00
Rye, bus.....	10c @ 11c	8.00 @ 9.00
Butter, lb.....	10c @ 11c	11 @ 12
Beans, bus.....	4c @ 5c	14 @ 15
Peas, green, bus.....	40c @ 45c	14 @ 15
Peas, split, bus.....	20c @ 25c	14 @ 15
Potatoes, bus.....	25c @ 30c	14 @ 15

The above table gives only a few of the many articles produced alike by American and Canadian farmers, but they serve to clearly establish the fact that the duty largely exceeds Canadian products, almost without exception can be sold here at figures defying successful competition by our farmers. The duty is lowered from one-third to one-half—from 33 to 50 per cent.—on these and other articles in the agricultural schedule, while those made absolutely free. The farmer is to have no chance to meet the cheap wool producers of Europe, Asia, Australia and South America, and cannot even sell his mutton to a good market, for the Gorman law cuts down the duty on beef, mutton and pork, as well as on poultry.

These figures will bear study. The farmer should ponder them well, and cipher out just how the Democratic Congress has protected him.

Our prices are lowered with the tariff. Democratic chance for carrying any State where industry formerly thrived are also considerably lowered with the tariff. Great reductions on account of new tariff bill. Yes, great reductions in work and in opportunities of employment; great reductions in wages and in ability to buy the cheap things so industriously advertised. Great reduction of industry. Our store is crowded daily. Our industries are not helped when

the importer's store is crowded. It is the whim and rattle of the loom and the spindle and the hum of productive machinery that helps our industry. Activity in the importer's shop means activity of industry in Europe, not in America.

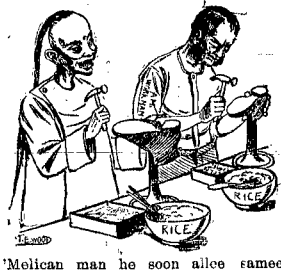
Growth of Savings Banks. Can you give me a detail the growth of our savings banks from 1860 to the present time, including the number of depositors and the average amount deposited?

During the thirty-three years of protection, from 1860 to 1893, the number of savings banks in the United States has increased by 72, the number of depositors by 4,196,721, the total amount of money deposited by \$1,835,873,453, the average amount of money due to each depositor by \$154.42, while the average amount of deposits has increased by \$21.83 per capita of our population. There could be no surer proof of the progress of the country and the prosperity of the people under protection than the fact here gleaned from the records of the savings banks.

Canadian Milk Coming. It is true that we did not import much fresh milk from Canada under



the McKinley tariff, but the protection of 5 cents per gallon to our farmers prevented the foreign farmers from supplying some of our markets. The free-trade tariff now admits foreign milk free of duty, and all along the Canadian border we may look for more or less Canadian milk coming into the United States. Every quart of this foreign milk will take the place of a quart of American milk. Those American farmers who live nearest to Canada will be deprived of a part of their market and must sell their milk further South in competition with other American farmers. This will tend to cheapen the price of milk to the farmers, and they all know that they get preciously little for their milk as it is.



Hoke Smith, the rebel Colonel's son, in charge of the National Pension Bureau, is now attempting to induce the postmasters of the United States to become spies upon the acts of the disabled Union veterans, with a view to prevent Republican applicants for pensions from taking active interest in politics! There seems to be no end to the methods of his malignant hatred of heroic loyalty. Recently a letter was sent to the postmaster of Ohio, and probably to other States, which the Commissioner of Pensions has since denied, but the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette has received a copy of the letter, sent to a postmaster who is not a Democrat, and has published a fac simile thereof that is now creating great excitement. Here is a copy of the letter:

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, BUREAU OF PENSIONS, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 6, 1904. Postmaster, U. S. P. O., Ohio. DEAR SIR—Communications in respect to pensions will be held confidential, unless requested, or if the nature of the communication is such that it ought to be held. Very truly yours, W. M. LOCKER, Commissioner.

The letter was written upon the official letter-head of the commissioner of pensions, was inclosed in an official envelope and was mailed in Washington, D. C. The face side of the envelope has the "Bureau of Pensions" printed thereon, and it was sent through the mails without postage having been paid thereon! All these facts prove that the pension commissioner's denial of the letter having been sent out is a falsehood. The Commercial-Gazette is rightly concludes that if the commissioner has thus protected the pension department it is more than likely that he has invaded all other departments of the government, and constituted all government officials spies upon the disabled veterans! Let every comrade read that letter and consider its statement that, "Communications in respect to pensions will be held as confidential," and he will have all necessary proof of the undying hatred and unending hostility of Hoke Smith to and toward all Union veterans.—Des Moines Register.

owners to rush all their sheep to market because they cannot raise wool under the free trade clause of the Gorman tariff bill. Every reliable freight car on the Union Pacific has been put into service, bringing the sheep from Idaho, Washington, Montana and Wyoming to the packing houses at Omaha, and the Union Pacific was compelled to borrow cars from the Northwest, sending them to Idaho to fill with sheep.

Labor Did the Best. The claim that the protective policy robs labor for the benefit of capital is shown to be false by results. Under protection labor has steadily gained on capital in the division of their united earnings. In 1860 labor received \$44.50 and in 1890 \$54.50 out of each hundred dollars' worth of net products, while capital had \$55.50 in 1860 and \$45.50 in 1890. Labor advanced from \$289 to \$489, or 70 per cent., while capital went from \$351 to \$408, an advance of only 40 per cent. This shows a difference in favor of labor of 30 per cent.

About Its Size. Since the Atlanta Constitution began to make fun of Secretary Hoke Smith's talk about Georgia politics and to hold the administration responsible

### TAKES THE EARTH



for the recent Democratic slump in that State, he has pronounced the exclusion of the paper from the mails on the pretext that it violated the lottery law by offering prizes to subscribers and trying to increase its circulation by what is called the "club method." As this could not be done without the co-operation of the postmaster general it looks like an administration proceeding. It is about the size of the administration.

Discouraging. It is said that Voltaire while a young man, eager for instruction, was perpetually asking questions. Despraux on one occasion, with impatience and considerable harshness, reproved him for indulging in this propensity.

Voltaire never forgot the reproof, and profited by it to such an extent that as years went on he not only gave up his habit of putting questions, but became more and moreaverse to answering such as were put to him. In time he came to rise abruptly and leave the company of a persistent questioner, without the faintest suggestion of an apology.

He is said to have greeted an inhabitant of Geneva, who had furnished him with the idea and model of the infuriating bullfinch in the "Droit du Seigneur," with the remark: "Sir, I am very well please to see you; but I wish to inform you beforehand that I know nothing about what you are going to ask, whatever it may be."

First Prove Them Frauds. "Furnish the pension frauds," shouts the Detroit Free Press. Certainly, but prove pensioners to be frauds before the punishment is inflicted.

How many Postmasters in this State have been ordered in the Hoke Smith case of footpads to sandbag the unsuspecting old pensioner?

Everything Going. The prices of farm products have been gradually dropping out of sight. The Gormanizers have gobbled them up.



"It will certainly lighten many Tariff burdens that now rest heavily upon the people."—Resident Cleveland.

When Shall We Three Meet Again? The editor of the magazine was absconded when the poet with the poem walked into the office, says the Detroit Free Press. They had thus met recently before and the coming of the editor had not greatly disturb the editor and he paid no attention to his visitor. At last the poet spoke.

"Good morning" was what he said. "Ah!" responded the editor, "is that you? How are you? I am seeking you for thought." The poet gave a hungry sigh as he laid a manuscript on the desk. "I don't think I can help you on that line," he said, "but I can give you thought for food," and the editor helped the poet to get a meal.

# The Perils of Courtesy.

An old gentleman got on a Wisconsin Central train at Rockfeller, and took a seat beside a man with a face as kindly as a picture of Peter Cooper. These two men were strangers to each other, but a strong relationship lay between them—the affinity of honesty and good humor. They talked of the recent rains, and were sorry that they had not fallen soon enough to save the corn crop, still they were willing to leave the crops and the whole scheme of life to Providence. They talked about politics, religion, and then told stories and laughed until tears ran down their cheeks.

By this time the train had reached Des Moines, and the man from Rockfeller got off. And when the train started the other old fellow discovered that a valise had been left on the seat just in front of him. He sprang to his feet, threw up his window, thrust his head out, shouted at his friend, and then, grabbing the valise, dropped it from the window. And about two minutes later a big fellow came along and said: "I am looking for a valise I left here."

The benevolent man, in a flutter of excitement jumped up and began to stammer: "I—I—threw it off the train—I—"

"You did!" roared the big fellow, and not waiting for an explanation, hauled off and struck at the old gentleman and skinned his knuckles against the window.

The conductor ran forward and grabbed the big fellow and held him until the kindhearted man explained the mishap.

In this hurried life there is such a thing as being too obliging.

### America and the Art of War.

It is worth recalling that America has three times had the honor of revolutionizing the art of war. To American armies was due the introduction of the scout or open order system of attack, with all the concomitants of skirmishers, rifle pits, etc. World wars were slow to adopt it, but it came at last, and is now universal. America, too, was the first to introduce the extensive use of the rifle and the sights on naval guns. To-day the rifle is the universal arm of the infantry and a cannon without sights or means for accurate laying is as useless as one without powder. The third revolution was the introduction of the monitor, and here the honor belongs to the individual rather than to the nation. Despite all that may have been said to the contrary, Capt. Ericsson's traditional "cheese box on a raft" was an entirely unique construction; the idea had never been previously carried into practice and certainly had never been put into successful form. The work of the monitor produced a revolution in naval ideas, of which the full extent has thus far been only inadequately realized.—Cassier's Magazine.

### Early London Directories.

The earliest known directory of people and places seems to be that of London, in 1677, of which only three copies are known—one in the Bodleian Library, one in the Manchester Free Library, (which was bought for £5.) and one sold at the Rev. Mr. Hunter's sale, which realized £9, although imperfect. The Manchester copy was carefully reprinted in 1878 (by Chatto & Windus) with an interesting introduction; and the next London directory seems to have been one of 300 pages, published in 1732.—The editor of the reprint in 1878 gives some details of earlier manuscript directories, or "Office of Addresses," by Henry Robinson, in 1650, who had an office in "Threadneedle Street, over against the Castle Tavern, close to the Old Exchange in London," and it was described as "keeping particular registers of all manners of addresses," with a "Catalogue of subjects of inquiry" so copious and so curious as to be a fresh proof that there is nothing new under the sun. Spixens was the fee, and for this small sum answers to all sorts of questions connected with business could be obtained.—Notes and Queries.

### Severe.

The person who equivocates in order to pay a compliment is likely to have his indirection betrayed if the complimented person questions him at all sharply. The author of a certain book which has made extremely little impression, meeting one of his literary friends, insisted upon talking with him a long time about the volume. "Come now," said the author, "tell me what you hear about the book." "I assure you," answered the other, "that I have heard nothing but the most favorable and enthusiastic opinions of it." Well, tell me who has talked to you about it." "Um—well, I can't tell you exactly." "Yes you can—I insist." "Well, then, since you insist, you're the only one that I've heard say a word about it!"

### Inverse Genius.

The editor of the magazine was absconded when the poet with the poem walked into the office, says the Detroit Free Press. They had thus met recently before and the coming of the editor had not greatly disturb the editor and he paid no attention to his visitor. At last the poet spoke. "Good morning" was what he said. "Ah!" responded the editor, "is that you? How are you? I am seeking you for thought." The poet gave a hungry sigh as he laid a manuscript on the desk. "I don't think I can help you on that line," he said, "but I can give you thought for food," and the editor helped the poet to get a meal.

**COUNTY CONVENTION!**

The Sunday Schools of the County Hold Their Annual County Convention.

The annual convention of the Wayne County Sunday School Association though not as largely attended and perhaps less enthusiastic than some of the former sessions, was a decided success and a great help to all workers.

Saturday evening the meeting was held at the Presbyterian church. After a session and prayer, led by Rev. W. W. Theobald, Miss White told of the summer conventions. The county Sunday Schools have been visited and encouraged this summer as never before. One school was organized.

Chas. Kelsey, S. S. Missionary, told of his work in neglected districts, giving touching incidents to illustrate the success of the gospel thus carried.

The election of officers ensued with the following result: President, G. B. Nettleton; vice president, Lou Phillo; secretary, Rev. W. W. Theobald and treasurer, Dr. W. A. Ivory.

On motion the annual meeting and election of officers will be in May in the future.

The service was closed by prayer by Rev. Theobald.

Sunday morning a precious promise meeting was led by W. E. Howard in which many took part. Chas. Kelsey spoke upon "Ingredients of Christian Zeal." All regret that on account of lateness of the hour Rev. H. H. Millard was obliged to cut short his address on "Formation better than Reformation." He denounced in no uncertain sound the folly of those parents who wait until the children need reformation before training them in ways right and good. "I'd rather be green than dead," he said, while showing that innocence is the height of wisdom. Let there be these and other threads of formation: Right-doing, self-respect, respect of man and respect of God. The bird with a broken pinion may have that pinion healed but it will never soar as high again. Formation better than reformation.

The afternoon session was perhaps the best. The prayer service was led by Dr. Ivory. Mrs. Tower read a paper on "The Book we Study" which was of such worth that she was requested to publish it.

"How to secure better Bible Study," was ably discussed by Rev. Kunkleman. He condemned the careless and thoughtless way in which we now treat this Book of Books.

Qualifications of a successful Teacher was treated by J. D. King in a masterful paper. I only mention three of the many essential qualifications given: Consecration to the work, consistent Christian living, and living. Teachers, remember the three C's.

The above topics were discussed by Revs. Theobald, Millard and Ernst and Messrs. Nettleton, King, Kelsey and Ivory.

Encouraging reports were given from Krazier school house, Carroll, Winside and the four schools in Wayne.

Sunday evening the opera house was full. Mr. Wise led the song service.

Miss White drove home some sharp points on "Sabbath Discretion." The Sabbath was set apart for the cultivation of the moral nature of man. We cannot afford to disregard it. Those who plow and sow to reap and trade on the Sabbath day must remember that God does not settle in Oct. Those who disregard the Sabbath break other laws also. The relation of the Sunday school to a better observance of this holy day was clearly shown. Rev. A. F. Ernst spoke forcefully on the Sunday school and soul winning. Of the many objects of the Sunday school, this towers above them all, to win the soul. 84 per cent. of the converts to christianity came from the Sunday school. Children converts are the most glorious. We need more heart power.

"Sunday school and soul nurture" was discussed by Chas. Kelsey. He exhorted teachers to feed the word in its simplicity, if alone can satisfy the craving of the soul.

On motion of the secretary a vote of thanks was given to Chas. Kelsey and another to Mr. Nettleton and those who assisted him in furnishing the music, which was an inspiration to every session of the convention.

**HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.**

The tenth grade delivered their literary program last Friday afternoon. The exercises were very well prepared and delivered, especially the recitations of Lulu Thompson and Pearl Sewell. A number of visitors were present, and we always welcome those who have an interest in our school work, as they lend us much encouragement.

A number of pupils were absent the first of the week.

Tuesday afternoon the high school and grammar departments also held election. Sample ballots were prepared to take the place of the official ballots. The grammar department gave the republican ticket three times the votes that the democratic ticket received, and in the high school the republicans also won by a vote of two to three. Thus it will be seen that in after years the republican majority will be greater even than it is now.

The high school foot ball team expects to go to West Point tomorrow, if the weather permits, to play the high school boys of that town a game. We hope they will return victorious.

**HOSKINS ITEMS.**

Hurrah for Hoskins precinct! Where are the demo-pops to day? November set in with a cold wet day.

Wm. Lalk was in Norfolk last Friday.

J. Foster is having his house painted.

Mr. Parsons was a Norfolk visitor on the 1st.

Geo. Weatherholt was in Wayne on the 3rd.

Demo-pops were snowed under for good in 1894.

P. W. Peterson and wife were in Sioux City Tuesday.

Class meeting at A. T. Waddell's on Wednesday evening.

Wm. Lalk is going to build a residence on his lots in town.

Wm. Zutz and Geo. Harrigfeld were Wayne visitors the 7th.

E. Behmen has erected a large barn on his farm north of town.

W. J. Weatherholt and Geo. Harrigfeld were in Norfolk Wednesday.

Weatherholt Bros. have built a large cattle shed in the grove east of town.

Chas. DeKay who was visiting with his son and daughter returned home last week.

The Ladies' Aid Society will give a concert and supper at the town hall November 9.

G. W. Trotter and Henry Schroeder are attending the M. E. conference at Beemer this week.

E. L. Case celebrated his birthday Sunday. A large number of his friends enjoyed themselves.

Bessie Howser celebrated her birthday on the 5th. A large number of her little friends assembled and had a good time.

Stray calves came to visit the home calves last week and the home calves were quite disappointed with their bleating.

Mr. Cunningham and Mr. Fuller entertained about 150 people at the republican speaking last Friday, and the Glee Club of Wayne held the audacious spell-bound with their singing. Every republican was well pleased.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 31, 1894.

My Dear Friends:—I have been asked by Arch Deacon Sparling to conduct a "Mission" in Wayne, beginning Monday, November 12, and ending Sunday, November 18. I have accepted invitation because I believe it is a call of god to do this work. I hope you will welcome me as a servant of our Lord Jesus Christ, sent into your midst to proclaim salvation to preach peace and to rebuke sin.

I want your presence at the services and your constant prayer that the word of God may have free course and abound. Pray that the holy spirit of God may assist in all our efforts.

I shall preach every evening, with an instruction afterwards, if desirable. I shall hold services for prayer and holy communion and instruction at convenient hours each day, and I shall hold myself in readiness at any time to give counsel and advice to those who want to be Christians.

Now let me ask you who are especially interested in making this "Mission" a success, to use every legitimate effort to bring people within reach of the missionary's voice. Talk about the mission; pray for it; prepare to sing the hymns with heartiness. Above all arrange your affairs so that nothing may hinder you from attending all the time.

I believe that without Christ no one can be saved. I believe that if you confess him here and now, in that great day of judgement he will confess you before the father in heaven.

May God bless you and make this revival a great blessing to you all.

Faithfully Yours,  
C. H. GARDNER.

**Commissioners Proceedings.**

Saturday, Nov. 3rd, 1894.

Commissioners met pursuant to adjournment. All members present. Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

The following bills were audited and allowed:

Morris Horn refund tax, claim \$1.00, allowed 6 40

Wm. Peterson, refund tax 1 42

W. A. K. Neely, refund tax 2 05

E. Cunningham, printing 16 00

Winside Tribune, printing 4 34

Hunter & Churde, printing 51 00

W. H. McNeal, printing 149 00

State Journal Co., supplies 6 00

M. S. Davies, supplies 12 50

C. M. White, 3rd qtr salary 175 00

L. F. Rayburn, collecting taxes 194 96

Jus. A. Love, boarding jurors 45 00

Ed Reynolds, court expenses 71 50

E. Martin costs State vs. Beasley 85 05

S. B. Russell, jury fees 239 00

Walter Gubler hardware 2 55

Tracy & Dixon claim \$11.54, allowed 11 14

H. A. Benson unloading piling 3 00

Weatherholt Bros. lumber 108 20

W. F. Acker bridge repairs 122 00

W. F. Acker bridge repairs 187 00

J. E. Manning, lumber 13 88

Edwards & Bradford Lumber Co 165 74

Smith & Ellis Co., lumber 885 05

B. F. Feather, overseer of poor 6 00

Edwards & Bradford coal for indigents 7 75

Phillips & Son, coal for indigents 7 50

R. J. Armstrong, " 7 50

W. E. Brookings, groceries " 3 00

W. H. Bradford 1/4 months rent for indigents 2 00

Fred Volpp, meat for indigents 2 00

Kortright & Newton, ice 7 30

City of Wayne, water 10 00

T. J. Merrill, laborer 1 50

P. W. Oman comm. service 16 80

Mark Jeffrey comm. service 8 30

L. S. Needham 8 00

L. S. Needham road work & repr's 8 23

W. Kelly road work 41 50

B. P. Peterson " 52 00

Mark Jeffrey " (H Kellogg) 5 00

John Book " 27 80

Detlef Ray " 3 80

Louis Greenwald " 10 00

Ellis McManigal " 5 00

Cal Ritober " 20 00

L. W. Cochran " 83 00

Fred Gath " 30 00

L. B. Palmer " 6 25

Carl Rath " 17 50

James Clark " 8 00

C. Hardy " 2 50

C. E. Spahr, claim \$8.00 allowed 7 50

John Hamer " 4 50

C. A. Killain " Rejected

Nels Hanson " 98 75

W. C. Pond " 1 25

M. S. Moats " Rejected

W. S. Hench claim \$3.00 allowed 2 50

John Ziemer " 5 00

Ed Miller " 29 38

C. M. Sundall " 30 75

Andrew Harper " 4 25

A. L. Davis " 37 50

Bert Oman " 318 00

John Watts " 7 50

Wm Harrison " 7 50

J. D. Cullen, claim \$24.00 allowed 20 00

C. E. Miller " 239 50

F. H. Benschhof " 13 75

Charley Lundberg " 25 00

A. Samuelson " 28 00

John Koefoed " 50 00

J. Liveringhouse o'm 4.25, allo'd 3 75

F. A. Spahr, claim \$9.00 allowed 7 50

Geo Oman " 25 00

Eli McConoughey " 30 00

Herrick & Tollman, grader repr's 10 50

" 15 40

G. A. Benson " 1 00

L. S. Winsor " 84 40

Western Wheel & S. Co. " 10 00

John Mears " 2 00

Wm Hart " 29 70

Report of C. M. White approved.

Resolved that the County Attorney be instructed to commence an action at once against J. P. Conroy, to compel him to support Mrs. Anna Conroy and her children and also to recover moneys already advanced by Wayne county for the maintenance of said Mrs. Anna Conroy and her children.

Board adjourned to meet Nov. 17, 1894.  
S. B. RUSSELL, Clerk.

**ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.**

In connection with the Southern Pacific Co. will on and after the night of November 13th, run from Chicago to Fallman.

**EVERY TUESDAY NIGHT**

To connect direct at Avondale (suburb of New Orleans) with the Southern Pacific's new fast, solid vestibule train, the "Sunset Limited," for Houston, San Antonio, El Paso, Los Angeles and San Francisco. This car for

**CALIFORNIA VIA New Orleans.**

Will leave Central Station, Chicago, at 3:30 p. m. Wednesdays, but will be open for occupancy at 9:00 p. m. Tuesday nights. Through reservations Chicago to the Pacific coast. In addition, on and after the night of November 14th, there will be run a Pullman

**EVERY WEDNESDAY NIGHT**

Through without change, from Chicago to Los Angeles, via Avondale, by the same route. Through double berth rate, but \$2.00. This car will leave Central Station, Chicago, at 4:30 a. m. Thursdays, but will be open for occupancy at 9:30 p. m. Wednesday nights. This

The Only True Winter Route.

To California, owing to low altitudes, and the absence of snow and severe cold weather.

Rates as Low as by any other Route.

Ask for Special California Folder of I. C. R. R. They, as well as tickets and full information as to rates, can be had of agents of this route and connecting lines, or by A. B. BANSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Chicago.

**BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.**

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Wilkins & Co.

**Do You Need a Farm Loan?**

We have the following amounts on hand to loan without delay: \$500, \$800 and \$1000, on good improved farms. Money on hand and will loan at as low rate of interest as any one. We get our money direct from individuals in N. Y. state. Business established in 1881. Please call and see us or address,

W. J. GOW & BRO., Norfolk, Neb.

**City Steam Laundry.**

J. H. GARNER, Proprietor.

NO.	GENTS' LIST.	PRICE.
.....	Starched shirt with collar 15c. 2 25c	.....
.....	Shirts, starched 10c	.....
.....	Collars 3c	.....
.....	Pair cuffs 5c	.....
.....	Drawers 8c	.....
.....	Undershirts 8c	.....
.....	Woolen shirts 10c	.....
.....	Shirts plain 10c 2 25c	.....
.....	Handkerchiefs 3c	.....
.....	Silk handkerchiefs 3c	.....
.....	Neckties 3c	.....
.....	Pair socks 5c	.....
.....	Night shirt 10c	.....
.....	Aprons 5c	.....
.....	Coats 25c	.....
.....	Vests 15 to 25c	.....
.....	Pants 25c	.....
.....	Towels 5c, per doz 25c	.....
.....	Rollers 5c, per doz 35c	.....
.....	Table covers 13 to 35c	.....
.....	Sheets 5c	.....
.....	Pillow slips 5c	.....
.....	Bed Ticks 50c	.....
.....	Overalls 15 to 25c	.....
.....	Overshirts 10 to 25c	.....

N. B. No allowance for goods claimed to have been lost unless reported within 24 hours and accompanied by original list.

Laundry called for and delivered free of charge. Repairing done free of charge.

If you wish to purchase residence property call at this office and obtain information as to where you can get your choice of homes cheap, easy terms.

**A Household Treasure.**

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y. says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found good results follow its use; that he would not be without it if procurable. G. A. Dyke, Man Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy, that he has used it in the family for 8 years and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long-tryed and tested. Trial bottles free at Wilkins & Co. Drug Store. Regular size 50c and \$1.

**Just Received.**

**Banquet Hanging Lamps!**

All to be Sold Very Cheap.

We keep in stock the Frames and Crepe Tissue Paper for Shades and Decorations.

We Receive Fresh Candies Every Few Days.

**SEDGWICK DRUG CO.**

For a pain in the side or chest there is nothing so good as a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of pain. It affords prompt and permanent relief and if used in time will often prevent a cold resulting in pneumonia. This same treatment is a sure cure for lame back. For sale by Phil H. Kohl, Druggist.

**New FALL Goods!**

Arriving at

**Furchner, Duerig & Co's.**

It is our desire that you call and look over our new goods and convince yourselves that our prices are WAY DOWN.

**Fresh Butter and Eggs.**

Our Groceries are always Fresh and we always keep a large supply.

The Leaders, **Furchner, Duerig & Co.**

**Burson & O'Hara,**

SCHLITZ PLACE.

**Wines, Liquors,**

And Choice Cigars.

**Schlitz' Milwaukee Beer.**

Case Beer in quarts and pints for family use. All orders given prompt attention.

WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

**J. P. GAERTNER,**

**Furniture**

Embalming, thorough.

Undertaking Goods and Hearse in connection.

**THE CITIZENS BANK.**

CAPITAL AND UNPAID PROFITS \$100,000.

A. L. TRUCKER, President.

E. D. MITCHELL, Vice President.